CITY OF PLATTSBURGH FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Common Council City of Plattsburgh, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Plattsburgh, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Plattsburgh, New York as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 through 15), budgetary comparison information (pages 26 through 28) and Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (page 68) and Schedules of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - ERS and PFRS, and Schedules of the City's Contributions - ERS and PFRS (pages 64-67) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Plattsburgh New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Plattsburgh New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 15, 2017

Management Discussion & Analysis December 31, 2016

The City of Plattsburgh offers this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the audit of financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are expressed in thousands of dollars.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets of the City exceeded total liabilities by \$115,795, a decrease of \$6,950 from the prior year. The net position of business-type activities was \$28,749 and net position of governmental activities was \$87,046.

For the year, total revenues for the City were \$48,375 while total expenses were \$55,325. The net of the revenues and expenses leaves the City with a net loss of \$6,950.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,740 a decrease of \$3,694 from the prior year.

At the end of the year, total unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$717, down \$277 from the prior year.

Total outstanding long-term indebtedness for the City at the end of the year was \$21,430 down from \$23,635 at the end of 2015.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as a commentary to the financial statements for the City of Plattsburgh. The financial statements are comprised of the following three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other information in addition to the financial statements, such as budgetary comparisons.

<u>**Government-wide financial statements**</u> – The government wide financial statements are intended to provide the reader with a broad overview of the financial condition of the City that closely matches the reporting format of most private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position provides comparisons that will assist in answering the question of whether the City's financial condition has improved or deteriorated during the year.

The Statement of Net Position provides the reader with a snapshot in time of the assets, liabilities and resulting net position (or equity as stated with private sector reporting) of the City. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position of the City may provide an indicator of the trend in the City's financial condition. Other forward-looking indicators will also assist the reader to assess the overall financial health of the City.

The statement of activities provides the reader with the sources of revenue for the City, the sources of expenses and the net balance between the two which directly impacts the resulting net position at year-end. Reporting of revenues and expenses is done using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This means that transactions are recorded when they are realizable and measurable and not when cash flows into or out of the City.

The governmental-wide financial statements of the City separate functions into three components. First, governmental activities of the City are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Second, business-type activities are intended to support all or a large portion of their expenses through user fees and charges and receive no direct support from other funds. The governmental activities include: general government, public safety (mostly police & fire protection), street construction & maintenance, economic development, water & sewer utility, downtown parking lot & maintenance, refuse collection, and culture and recreation. The only business-type activity in the City is the Municipal Lighting Department. Third, the City includes a separate legal entity in its report—Lake City Local Development Corporation. While it represents a legally separate entity, its operational or financial relationship with the City makes the City financially accountable for this entity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the Basic Financial Statements.

Fund financial statements – A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Plattsburgh, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Plattsburgh can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

a. Governmental funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near term inflows and outflows of expendable resources as well as on the balance of expendable resources *available* at the end of the year. Expendable resources are measured using the modified accrual method of accounting. Under this method, resources are considered available if they can be readily converted to cash, generally in 30 days or less. Reviewing governmental funds may be useful in assessing the City's near term financing requirements.

The main difference between governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements is, respectively, short-term view versus long-term view; it is useful to compare the information presented in both. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions.

The City of Plattsburgh maintains nine governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, and the special revenue fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The special revenue fund aggregates data from the other six subsidiary funds into a single major fund. Individual fund data for each of these subsidiary governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The financial statements for governmental funds can be found in the Basic Financial Statements, which is in the following section.

- b. Proprietary funds The City of Plattsburgh maintains only one type of proprietary fund, the Municipal Lighting Department. Other funds such as water, sewer, parking lot, library and recreation are considered governmental funds. The City's enterprise fund is the same as business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail such as cash flows.
- c. Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the governmentwide financial statements because the City cannot use any assets in these funds to

finance the City's operations. It is the City's responsibility to ensure the assets in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

<u>Notes to financial statements</u> – The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that the reader of this report may require to fully understand all aspects of this report. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

3. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position – Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. For the year ending December 31, 2016, the City of Plattsburgh's assets exceeded liabilities by \$115,795.

The majority of the City's net position is capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens (e.g. public water, sewer, recreational facilities, electric power distribution, roads, etc.). Since these assets are not liquid and are not intended to be sold, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Plattsburgh Net Position (000's Omitted)

	Governmental activities Restated				Busine activ	vities	e estated	Total Primary Government Restated			
	2016	Г	2015		2016	n	2015	2016	2015		
Current Assets	\$ 20,589	\$	22,634	\$	5,591	\$	6,439	\$ 26,180	\$ 29,073		
Noncurrent Assets	103,962	•	104,239		34,822	*	35,329	138,784	\$139,568		
Total Assets	124,551		126,873		40,413		41,768	164,964	168,641		
Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Pensions	10,948		2,427		1,345		348	12,293	2,775		
Total assets and deferred			,					,	· · · ·		
outflow of resources	\$135,499	\$	129,300	\$	41,758	\$	42,116	\$177,257	\$171,416		
Current Liabilities	\$ 13,070	\$	11,495	\$	2,404	\$	2,519	\$ 15,474	\$ 14,014		
Noncurrent Liabilities	33,794		24,416		10,455		10,059	44,249	34,475		
Total Liabilities	46,864		35,911		12,859		12,578	59,723	48,489		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	118		5		-		-	118	5		
Pensions	1,471		177		150		-	1,621	177		
Total Deferred Inflows of											
resources	1,589		182		150		-	1,739	182		
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets	87,490		82,761		25,742		25,106	113,232	107,867		
Restricted	3.870		4,225		2.346		3,056	6,216	7,281		
Unrestricted	(4,314)		6,221		661		1,376	(3,653)	7,597		
Total Net Position	87,046		93,207		28,749		29,538	115,795	122,745		
Total Liabilities and	¢405 400	¢	400.000	*	44 750	¢	40.440	¢477.057	Ф474 440		
Net Position	\$135,499	\$	129,300	\$	41,758	\$	42,116	\$177,257	\$171,416		

An additional portion of the City's total assets, \$6,216, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are reported as *restricted* net position. The remaining category of total net position, *unrestricted* net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations and services to creditors and citizens, especially in the future.

Governmental activities

Total net position of the City's governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$87,046. The majority of the net position, \$87,490 or 100.5%, is tied up in capital assets (net of related debt).

Restricted assets for the end of the year were \$3,870. Restricted assets include, but are not limited to: debt reserves, water and sewer capital reserves, and asset forfeitures. The restricted assets were lower at the end of the year due to the amount of water reserves of \$35 and sewer reserves of \$1,846.

Unrestricted assets at year-end for governmental activities were negative \$4,314, a decrease of \$10,535 from the prior year.

• Business-type activities

The total net position of our business-type activities was \$28,749 at year-end. Like the governmental-type activities, capital assets net of related debt were \$25,742 and made up the majority of the net position.

Restricted assets at year-end were \$2,346 and were primarily made up of the capital projects reserve \$1,911 and debt reserve \$224. Unrestricted net position was \$661. In addition, net position of the business-type activities cannot be used to support any of the activities in the governmental-type activities. The City can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the Municipal Lighting Department.

(000's Omitted)

The change in net position during the most recent fiscal year is reported in the Statement of Activities found on pages 18-19. Key elements of this change are illustrated in the following table. Change in Net Position

Total Primary Governmental **Business-type** activities activities Government 2015 2016 2015 2016 2016 2015 Revenues Program Revenues: Charges for Services 9,693 9,863 \$16,500 \$18,202 \$ 26,193 28.065 \$ \$ \$ Operating Grants and contributions 33 129 33 129 Capital Grants and contributions 253 2,060 253 2,060 General revenues: **Property Taxes** 10,379 10,544 10,379 10,544 Sales and Other Taxes 4,244 4,244 4,216 4,216 4,833 Government Aid 3,766 4,833 3,766 3,5<u>52</u> Other 3,121 3,146 386 406 3,507 **Total Revenues** 31,489 34,791 16,886 18,608 48,375 53,399 Expenses **General Government** 3,530 3,530 3,438 3,438 Public Safety 8,140 7,928 8,140 7,928 Transportation 2,067 1,472 2,067 1,472 Economic assistance & opportunity 146 120 146 120 Culture and recreation 2,092 2,187 2,092 2,187 -_ Home and community 8,499 9,916 _ 8,499 9,916 -**Employee Benefits** 13,291 9,519 -_ 13,291 9,519 Debt Service 511 494 338 406 849 900 Municipal Lighting 16,843 16,843 16,711 16,711 Total Expenses 38,276 35,074 17,049 17,249 55,325 52,323 Excess of revenues over expenses (6,787) (283) (163) 1,359 (6,950) 1,076 Transfers (600) 626 600 (626) Increase (decrease) in Net Position (6,161) 317 759 (6,950) 1,076 (789) **Net Position - beginning** 93,207 92,713 29,538 28,830 122,745 121,543 Prior period adjustment (note 18) 177 (51)126 **Net Position - ending** 87,046 \$ 93,207 \$28,749 \$29,538 \$115,795 \$ 122,745

The City's total revenues for the 2016 year were \$48,375 versus total expenses of \$55,325. For the year, the City's net position decreased by \$6,950 or 5.7%, to bring total net position of the primary government of the City to \$115,795. The following analysis separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's governmental activities for the year were \$31,489 while total expenses were \$38,276 which yielded a decrease in net position of \$6,161, or 6.6%. The drivers of revenues for the year were charges for services, which is mostly made up of water and sewer charges for services. Property taxes comprised 33.0% of the total revenues while sales taxes were 13.5% of revenues. Revenues were down from the prior year by \$3,302.

On the expense side, public safety, home and community and employee benefits made up the majority of the cost of the governmental activities. In public safety, the police department and fire department expenses for the year totaled \$4,690 (57.6%) and \$2,905 (35.7%), of the total for public safety of \$8,140, respectively.

Home and community total expenses for the year were \$8,499. Costs associated with operating the water fund were \$1,555 or 18.3% of the total while the sewer fund costs were \$3,808 or 44.8% of the total.

Finally, employee benefits for the year were \$13,291, or 34.7% of total governmental activity expenses. Of this total, health insurance cost was \$7,929, or 59.7% of the total employee benefits.

Business-type Activities

Revenues for the Municipal Lighting Department for the year were \$16,886, while total expenses for the operation were \$17,049. The resulting total net position for the business-type activities for the year decreased by \$789, or 2.7%.

For the Municipal Lighting Department, revenues are heavily influenced by winter temperatures, business activity, local development and any changes in rates granted by the Public Service Commission. The charges for services part of total revenues were down by over \$1,702 or 9.4%.

On the expense side, demand for electric power drives demand to purchase power. Since MLD does not generate its own power but only distributes what it purchases, the cost of purchase power is a large cost factor in operating the business. In 2016, the total cost of purchased power decreased by \$883 or 8.7%.

THE CITY'S FUNDS:

Governmental Funds

- General fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$717 and the total fund equity was \$1,458. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to fund expenditures. For the current year ended December 31, 2016, unassigned fund balances represent 3.18% of total fund expenditures (including transfers out), while total fund balance was 6.47% of the same amount. The total fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$393 during the current fiscal year.
- 2) Debt service fund The debt service fund is the fund from which all debt payments for the City are made. The fund balance at the end of the year of \$71 is reserved for the repayment of debt. The decrease in total fund balance from year-to-year was \$221.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction and reconstruction of general public improvements and major asset purchases, including projects related to business-type activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was (\$4,059).

4) Special revenue fund – The special revenue fund for the City is made up of the following individual funds: Community Development Fund, Parking Lot Fund, Recreation Complex Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Library Fund. The Community Development Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the programs and projects primarily funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development as well as other federal and state grant programs. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total special revenue fund balance was \$11,269. Components of the December 31, 2016 fund balance are as follows:

	2016			2015
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	\$	236	\$	334
Long-term loans & receivable		855		909
Restricted				
Capital reserve		1,958		2,138
Other restricted		1,656		1,600
Assigned				
Encumbrances:				
Home & community services		17		17
Appropriated		485		311
Unappropriated fund balance		6,204		6,819
Unassigned		(142)		(67)
Total Fund Balances	\$1	1,269	\$ ^	12,061

The other restricted Community Development amount represents funds that can be loaned under the City of Plattsburgh's Housing and Economic revolving loan programs.

5) Proprietary fund – the only proprietary fund for the City is the Municipal Lighting Department (MLD). This department purchases all of its power from the New York Power Authority and the New York Municipal Power Agency and distributes it on a system owned by the City of Plattsburgh. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, fund balance was \$28,749, down \$789 from the same time in the previous year fund.

4. BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City Charter requires the Mayor to submit a budget with an accompanying written budget report to the Common Council on or before October 1st for the next fiscal year which begins January 1st. The budget shall provide a complete financial plan of all City funds and activities for the ensuing fiscal year. The final 2017 budget included a 6.67% property tax levy increase including a .72% increase in the total assessed value of the city properties with a corresponding increase of 5.90% in the property tax rate. There were 0% increases for water, sewer, electricity and refuse rates.

A summary of the proposed budget, a notice of when and where the budget and budget report are available for public inspection, and the time and place of a public hearing on the proposed budget shall be published on or before October 8th. A public hearing shall be held on the proposed budget no sooner than October 15th nor later than October 22nd. The Council may then review the budget and make amendments as they see fit, but must adopt a final budget along with necessary implementing ordinances no later than 14 days after the start of the fiscal year. If the Common Council fails to adopt a budget within 14 days of the start of the fiscal year, the budget submitted to the Council by the mayor and all necessary implementing ordinances shall take effect.

The City's annual budget includes estimated revenues and appropriations for the General Fund, the Proprietary Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The Parking Lot Fund, Recreation Complex Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Library Fund, which are special revenue funds, are also included in the budgetary process. The Community Development Fund does not have an annual budget even though it is a special revenue fund. A five-year capital plan is also included in the annual budget.

The actual change in fund balance of the general fund (budgetary basis) resulted in a decrease for the current year of \$393 compared to an adopted budget with a deficit of \$37.

The City's budget should contain reasonable revenue and expenditure estimates and be structurally balanced so that recurring costs are financed with recurring revenues. The budget formula for operating funds is: estimated revenues plus appropriated fund balance equals total amount available to finance operations.

The General Fund depends on recovering the cost for services and administration provided to the Water, Sewer and Municipal Lighting Funds. Inter-fund revenues from those funds are comprised of the following:

- 1. Reimbursement for administrative costs from the Water, Sewer and Municipal Lighting Funds.
- 2. Payments in lieu of property tax from the Municipal Lighting Department for its tax exempt real property infrastructure.
- 3. Reimbursement for services performed for the Water, Sewer and Municipal Lighting Department (For example, police surveillance for property security, code enforcement and civil service and legal functions).

In 2016, the General fund inter-fund transfers were as follows (in whole dollars):

Library Fund	\$ 751,458
Recreation Fund	470,752
Capital Projects	-
Debt Service	1,270,544
	\$ 2,492,754

The following two paragraphs are in whole dollars:

The transfers from these funds were reduced a cumulative \$833,049 between 2009 and 2014. These reductions eliminated the need for annual rate increases to maintain the level of cost reimbursement established for the General Fund. The annual reductions, an average of \$139,000, were pursuant to the results of an audit conducted by the NYS Office of the State Comptroller requiring documented support of the amounts transferred from the Water and Sewer Funds for General Fund support services.

Based on 2008 expense levels in the General Fund, the documented support to the Water and Sewer funds reached about \$377,000, leaving \$800,000 as the excess transfers that were reduced ratably over the five year period. The 2015 level of support grew to \$459,463 due to cost increases for labor, employee benefits and recurring expense items. The transfer payments from the Water and Sewer Funds increased another \$60,196 during 2016 to a level of \$519,659, reflective of the General Fund operating and employee costs increasing above the 2015 levels.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB 34, the City has recorded depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets, including infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2016 amounted to \$138,784 (net of accumulated depreciation). The amount as of December 31, 2015 was \$139,568 or a decrease of \$784, or .5%. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress (CIP).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- Total capital expenditures for governmental activities for the year were \$3,321.
- Depreciation expense for the year was \$3,753.

City of Plattsburgh Capital Assets (000's Omitted)

	Govern	mental			Business-type							
	activ	/ite	S		activities				Total			
	2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	
Land	\$ 18,671	\$	18,671	\$	517	\$	517	\$	19,188	\$	19,188	
Infrastructure	78,190		78,177		1,271		1,271		79,461		79,448	
Buildings & Improvements	52,867		51,446		63,399		61,501		116,266		112,947	
Machinery & Equipment	12,439		12,030		10,619		10,609		23,058		22,639	
Construction in Progress	16,030		14,552		40		321		16,070		14,873	
Total	 178,197		174,876		75,846		74,219		254,043		249,095	
Less: Acc. Depreciation	 (74,235)		(70,637)		(41,024)		(38,890)		(115,259)		(109,527)	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 103,962	\$	104,239	\$	34,822	\$	35,329	\$	138,784	\$	139,568	

Long-term Debt

For the year, total debt decreased by \$2,205 or 9.3% to \$21,430.

Moody's Investors Service has downgraded their rating of the City of Plattsburgh's general obligation limited tax debt from Aa3 to A2 with a negative outlook (previously rated as A3 prior to the bond market two step rating increase in 2011) on the city's \$23.6 million outstanding general obligation long-term debt. The bonds are secured by the city's general obligation, unlimited tax pledge.

Moody's goes on to say the downgrade to A2 from Aa3 of the city's long-term general obligation rating reflects the city's weakened financial position following several years of reserve draws. The rating also incorporates the city's limited, but growing tax base stabilized by a strong institutional presence, below average socioeconomic indices, and elevated debt and pension burdens.

More detailed information on the City's capital assets and long-term debt activity is provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

City of Plattsburgh Outstanding Debt (000's Omitted)

	Governmental activites				Business-type activities					Total			
		2016		2015	2016			2015		2016		2015	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	12,413	\$	13,733	\$	9,017	\$	9,902	\$	21,430	\$	23,635	

6. ECONOMIC FACTORS

Major economic developments in the City itself as well as the outlying areas will have a major impact on the economic climate of the region as well as the City. Descriptions of the major developments are listed below:

United Group - Redevelopment of the St. John's School Property

This project is complete and located adjacent to the Plattsburgh State University College property on Broad Street and involved the development of the St. John's parochial school property. previously tax exempt, as 'for profit' college student housing fully assessed at \$12,000,000 in 2011. Sale of City property in the form of parking and green area was accomplished in 2008 for approximately \$12,000 to enhance the development parking for students and thereby reduce the City's obligation to maintain the property. The annual increase to property tax revenue in 2011 was \$182,500 based on the 2009 and 2010 partially assessed value (AV) property tax collections. The owner of the property, Plattsburgh Suites LLC, filed a petition for a tax assessment reduction of \$3,000,000 against the City of Plattsburgh. A settlement was agreed to on September 18th, 2015, to reduce the assessment to \$5,300,000 for the tax roll years of 2015, 2016 and 2017, and then allow the assessment to increase 2.5% per year for the tax roll years of 2018, 2019 and 2020, and beginning with the 2021 tax roll, allow the City Assessor to set the assessed value of the property at the appropriate rate allowable by law. In addition to the assessment changes, the City was awarded \$840,000 of the delinquent property taxes and interest due on the property. payable in the amount of \$500,000 within 15 days of the court's award, with the balance of \$340,000 payable in equal amounts of \$85,000 due in October of 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019.

Redevelopment of the Durkee Street Municipal Parking Lot and Adjoining Lands

This project is located in the heart of downtown Plattsburgh and involves development of a 4.37 +/- acre parcel of land between Broad Street and Bridge street, a 0.70 +/- acre parcel of land south of Broad Street along the western edge of the Saranac River, a 0.20 +/- acre parcel of land between Margaret and Durkee streets which is the walkway between these two streets, and three contiguous parcels of land totaling 0.37 +/- acres along the southern edge of the walkway and a 0.28 +/- acre parcel of land located on the most northeast corner of the municipal parking lot along the western edge of the Saranac River.

Approximately 3 +/- acres of land in the project will be dedicated to public use. Current plans call for development in three phases. Phase I involves construction of a two-story parking garage on the southernmost end of the municipal parking lot that will accommodate 146 vehicles.

Also part of Phase I, is construction of a 44,452 sq. ft. structure for retail and office use along with a second adjoining two-story parking structure for approximately 180 spaces. Phase II includes a multi-tiered public parking structure, ribbon retail space and development of improved public space that will occupy approximately 4 +/- acres of land. The third phase includes construction of a second 50,000-60,000 sq. ft. building for office and retail use.

Phase I was complete as of December 31, 2007, the office space occupancy rate is at 100% at year-end 2015, and the restaurant space on the first floor is under renovation for repurposing. As the rental commitments continued and the occupancy grew, the remaining phases of the construction became more feasible for completion of the project, although no work on the remaining phases had begun by year-end 2015.

Continued public input into use of this area resulted in the City earning a \$10 million Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) award in July 2016. The successful concept includes converting the remaining surface parking lot into a City Center, comprised of open, green, gather space, mixed use housing, increased retail shops, and river access. The specific project list for the DRI are:

- 1) Develop the Durkee Street Site via an RFEI/RFP, support public infrastructure investments, and provide vertical development gap financing to incentivize development. (\$4.3 Million)
- 2) Improve riverfront access to increase recreational opportunities highlighting Plattsburgh's natural assets. (\$1.6 million)
- 3) Enhance downtown's streetscapes to improve the downtown appearance and the pedestrian experience with investments to key streets and walkable areas. (\$1.3 million)
- 4) Build the Dock Street Waterfront District to develop the waterfront via an RFEI/RFP and support key infrastructure improvements to incentivize development. (\$290K)
- 5) Establish a fund for downtown residential, retail and hotel improvements to support and incentivize development by providing a new funding mechanism with greater flexibility targeting upper floor residential, store-front commercial and hotel development along with façade improvements and retail space redevelopment and also provide small business support. (\$1 million)
- 6) Implement a cohesive marketing, branding, signage strategy that strengthens downtown Plattsburgh's identity and visibility and increases visitation. (\$250K)

Development of waterfront hotel and conference center

The City had entered into a lease agreement to move forward with Monahan Development of Syracuse, New York, to build a waterfront hotel and conference center where the former Canadian-Pacific Railway yard is located off Bridge Street and within walking distance from the municipal parking lot development described above.

The \$11 million development was to consist of a hotel and a 450-to-600 person conference center. The hotel was to feature rooms and suites with window views of the lake. A restaurant and full-service spa was also to be included. This development would tie in with a public boat launch and picnic area on the waterfront.

Construction of the hotel facility was delayed due to default by the developer to perform on the construction contract although the site development for the water distribution, storm and sewer drainage, and parking lot with related lighting was completed by the City at a cost of approximately \$4.4 Million. The dispute over the default of the developer to perform under the lease agreement was settled in April of 2015, at a cost of \$15,500, paid to Valcour Island LLC, for the relinquishment of all right and title in the leased property to the City for future development. The DRI plans include incentivizing development of the waterfront area to promote use of the lakefront property and take advantage of the development that took place for the previous plans to have a hotel and conference center.

Air Force Base redevelopment projects

The former ROTC property located on the "old base" was purchased by Larkin Realty out of Burlington, Vermont in 2004. They are the largest apartment and hotel owner in Vermont and planned to renovate the existing building into 60 condo/apartments. The property also includes 5 acres of vacant land to the north of the existing building. Current plans for this site are for construction of 32 additional apartments. Larkin Realty also purchased an additional 5.91 acres of land adjoining the ROTC property for future development for \$350,000 in September 2006. Both of these properties are lakefront properties and are expected to command the highest rental rates of any apartments in the county, but the vacant land has not seen any development progress during 2013. However, the former ROTC building completed Phase 3 in 2010 which includes 45 apartments and an AV of \$2,389,200 for 2011 up from \$2,068,400 in 2010.

Larkin completed the final Phase 4 in 2011, which includes a total of 60 apartments with a completed AV of \$3,515,800 increased in 2012, up from \$2,389,200 in 2011. The current assessment is at \$4,853,900 reflecting a city wide apartment revaluation in 2013.

Pyramid Realty Corporation of Syracuse, New York, had attempted to purchase the unoccupied base hospital located at the intersection of US Route 9 and New York Avenue, but never completed the purchase from the Plattsburgh Airbase Redevelopment Corporation (PARC). The property consists of 90,000 square feet of building space and land totaling 25 acres. Full demolition of the hospital building was completed in 2007 by PARC, but no further development has occurred during 2016. PARC still owns this property and it became fully taxable in 2012 and as of 2016, there are no plans to develop this lot and it remains on the market for sale.

All the developments listed above are expected to increase the taxable base of the City significantly. All of these developments were expected to be completed by the end of 2007, but delays in development due to changes in the economy continue to make it more likely that these projects will continue on into 2017 and beyond.

In 2010, Harborview Condominiums completed construction of Phase 1 including 18 lake view condominium units. The addition was \$3,741,400 in AV to the 2012 tax roll. Phase 2 included 15 condo units completed in 2011 and added \$3,212,000 in AV to the 2013 tax roll. Phase 3 was being constructed with a completion date estimated sometime in 2014 and is comparable to Phase 2 by adding another 15 units with an estimated AV of \$3,345,300 to the 2015 tax roll. All 3 phases of Harborview have been completed and are occupied as of the end of 2016.

Directly across the street from Harborview Condominiums is another project that is under construction. Gregory Heights is a 20-unit apartment building that was completed in 2013 and the 2014 tax roll reflects an assessed value of \$1,352,700.

Four new apartment buildings, all side-by-side, were completed in 2012 in the residential west end neighborhood. Each apartment building has five units, for a total of 20 units in the project. The completed project added \$1,420,600 to the 2014 tax roll.

Recently, a 27-lot subdivision on the former Air force Base was transferred to a few local developers planning to develop the lots with residential homes and multi-family properties over a period of several. This is currently the largest tract of subdivided vacant land in the city. The 27 lot subdivision on the former air force base is currently under construction with about 75% of the lots either completed or under construction with residential housing. Most are single family homes, but there are also a few duplexes and multi-family residential units.

The former Lakeside Apartment complex located on North Margaret Street was deemed uninhabitable after the 2011 Lake Champlain flood and it currently remains vacant. There are

120 apartment units in the complex. The property owner has been working to demolish and redevelop the site, but the timeframe was unknown during 2016. As of the end of 2016, the complex is scheduled for demolition and re-development during 2017. The plans include 31 residential units to be constructed along with commercial space for retail and restaurant facilities.

Bombardier Transportation, an international railcar manufacturer located in the City of Plattsburgh, announced that it plans to build an 80,000 square foot addition to its existing 150,000 square foot plant in 2013. Bombardier has recently been awarded two large contracts that will keep many more employees working at the plant and the need for more space is evident. Construction was completed adding 94,851 square feet to the existing plant and the AV was increased in 2014 to \$10,500,000.

A group of local developers are exploring the idea of redeveloping the City Beach recreational area. The redevelopment would include a hotel, restaurants, retail space, historical center, and hiking trails that all tie in with the beach on Lake Champlain. The developers are in the process of having a feasibility study completed.

On December 10, 2010 an announcement was made that Laurentian Aerospace Corporation had finally secured the lead-investor needed to move forward with the construction of the aircraft maintenance, repair and overhaul facility on the former Plattsburgh Air Force Base property owned by PARC within the Town of Plattsburgh, just outside the City limits. This 2-bay hangar facility will be constructed at a cost of about \$175 million and will contain approximately 262,000 square feet of production space. Employment estimates range from 900-1,200 jobs (900 to overhaul jets and 300 administrative staff) that will be created within five years. The facility would be in full operation about 18 months after construction begins, creating 200-300 new construction jobs. The financial closing is still in the process of being arranged, and Laurentian remains optimistic that funding should be secured in the near future. However, local optimism regarding the project has dwindled since the Clinton County IDA authorized issuance of millions of dollars in tax-exempt bonds to finance the project in June of 2007 and it is uncertain whether the project will ever come to fruition.

If the Laurentian project ever becomes a reality, there will most likely be a large influx of jobs, with many out-of-town people moving to the area. This will result in a large amount of new residential construction needed to accommodate all the new people that will be living in the area. Most of this new residential development would probably take place outside the City due to the minimal amount of vacant residential land within the City. However, the effects of this project would be extremely positive for the local economy due to the job creation and development of support companies for Laurentian.

Tall Pine Estates LLC completed Phase 1 of a two phase construction plan to build apartment complexes with garage units in 2016 which included 32 apartment units valued at \$2,318,600. Phase 2 proposes constructing another 24 apartment units and is scheduled to begin in the spring of 2018.

Valcour Brewing Company re-developed the former soldiers' barracks built during the War of 1812 into a micro-brewery serving beer and food accompanied by some retail space and six hotel room type overnight accommodations valued at \$862,000 in the 2016 tax roll.

Maplefields plans to construct a large convenience store and gas station adjacent to US Avenue for completion before the end of 2017.

Commercial development and redevelopment projects

Meadowbrook Nursing Facility completed an 87 bed addition to their existing 200 bed nursing home facility on Prospect Avenue in 2016.

A 46 unit residential complex has been approved for construction on US Avenue and is in the beginning stages of site work. Enclave Estates is scheduled to be completed sometime in 2018.

A 25 unit apartment complex was constructed in 2016 at 78 South Peru Street with a projected increase of \$1,346,900 in the 2017 property tax assessment roll.

A large residential property was developed during 2016 at 46 Cumberland Avenue adding an increase of \$873,600 in the 2017 property tax assessment roll.

Homes & Community Renewal Main Street Anchor Project: the City Received \$216,867 to assist in the renovation of the first floor of the North Country Food Co-op (NCFC) located at 25 Bridge Street in the downtown district. The NCFC will offer complete handicapped access as well as local healthy grocery options for residents and visitors to the downtown area.

National park Service Battlefield Protection Program: the City received a \$54,000 grant to study Historical sites around the city and region in order to better develop City Tourism.

ESD Restore NY awarded the City a \$54,000 grant to demolish the former Highway Oil gas station and building at 40 Bridge Street in the downtown district as part of the preparation work for the Durkee Street development segment of the DRI projects.

An AHC Housing Grant for \$300,000 has been awarded to the City to renovate 12 existing low to moderate income single family homes in the City downtown area.

County sales tax, which makes up a significant portion of the general fund revenue, is also expected to be enhanced by virtue of the above developments.

7. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Plattsburgh's finances to our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors. If you need any additional copies of this report or have any additional questions, please contact our offices at the following address: City of Plattsburgh, City Chamberlain's Office, 6 Miller Street, Plattsburgh, NY 12901.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2016

ASSETS	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government		e City LDC		Total Reporting Unit	
Current assets											
Cash and equivalents	\$	12,070,741	\$	92,409	\$	12,163,150	\$	13,730	\$	12,176,880	
Restricted assets-cash and cash in time											
deposits		2,317,067		2,346,405		4,663,472		-		4,663,472	
Taxes receivable, net of allowance											
of \$186,343		1,660,201		-		1,660,201		-		1,660,201	
Other receivable, net of allowance											
of \$735,597		1,524,262		1,144,951		2,669,213		-		2,669,213	
State and federal receivables		129,563		-		129,563		-		129,563	
Economic development loans		1,087,823		-		1,087,823		-		1,087,823	
Due from other governments		1,250,526		-		1,250,526		-		1,250,526	
Internal balances		(178,134)		177,967		(167)		-		(167)	
Inventories		-		1,489,851		1,489,851		-		1,489,851	
Prepaid expenses		727,009		339,556		1,066,565		-		1,066,565	
Total current assets		20,589,058		5,591,139		26,180,197		13,730		26,193,927	
Noncurrent assets											
Capital assets, net											
of accumulated depreciation		103,962,326		34,822,338		138,784,664		-		138,784,664	
Total noncurrent assets		103,962,326		34,822,338		138,784,664		-		138,784,664	
Total assets		124,551,384		40,413,477		164,964,861		13,730		164,978,591	
Deferred outflow of Resources											
Pension		10,947,593		1,345,373		12,292,966		-		12,292,966	
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$	135,498,977	\$	41,758,850	\$	177,257,827	\$	13,730	\$	177,271,557	

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,029,284	\$ 1,263,179	\$ 2,292,463	\$ -	\$ 2,292,463
Accrued liabilities	602,442	100,737	703,179	-	703,179
Bond anticipation note payable	8,805,000	-	8,805,000	-	8,805,000
Due to other governments	761	-	761	-	761
Due to school districts	1,297,078	-	1,297,078	-	1,297,078
Customer deposits	-	155,395	155,395	-	155,395
Bonds outstanding - current portion	 1,334,896	 885,104	 2,220,000	 -	 2,220,000
Total current liabilities	 13,069,461	 2,404,415	 15,473,876	 -	 15,473,876
Noncurrent liabilities					
Bonds outstanding, less current portion	11,077,939	8,132,061	19,210,000	-	19,210,000
Compensated absences	4,133,554	711,644	4,845,198	-	4,845,198
Other post employment benefits	8,980,895	345,587	9,326,482	-	9,326,482
Net pension liability - proportionate share	 9,602,027	 1,265,420	 10,867,447	 -	 10,867,447
Total noncurrent liabilities	 33,794,415	 10,454,712	 44,249,127	 -	 44,249,127
Total liabilities	 46,863,876	 12,859,127	 59,723,003	 -	 59,723,003
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources	118,025	149,995	268,020	-	268,020
Pensions	 1,471,240	 -	 1,471,240	 -	 1,471,240
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,589,265	 149,995	1,739,260	 -	 1,739,260
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets,					
net of related debt	87,490,048	25,742,171	113,232,219	-	113,232,219
Restricted	3,870,484	2,346,405	6,216,889	-	6,216,889
Unrestricted	 (4,314,696)	 661,152	 (3,653,544)	 13,730	 (3,639,814)
Total net position	 87,045,836	 28,749,728	 115,795,564	 13,730	 115,809,294
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
and net position	\$ 135,498,977	\$ 41,758,850	\$ 177,257,827	\$ 13,730	\$ 177,271,557

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2016

				Progra	am Revenues	5	
				0	perating		Capital
		Charges for Services		Grants and		G	rants and
	 Expenses			Cor	ntributions	Co	ontributions
Functions/Programs Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public Safety	\$ 3,529,672 8,139,862	\$	177,899 778,627	\$	- 5,552	\$	-
Transportation	2,067,398		1,948		-		426,089
Economic assistance and opportunity	146,565		4,917		21,500		-
Culture and recreation	2,091,726		699,111		5,695		(172,880)
Home and community services	8,498,661		8,030,245		-		-
Employee benefits	13,291,496		-		-		-
Debt service	 510,560				-		-
Total governmental activities	 38,275,940		9,692,747		32,747		253,209
Business-type activities: Municipal Lighting Total business-type activities	 17,048,765 17,048,765		16,499,751 16,499,751				<u> </u>
Total primary government	\$ 55,324,705	\$	26,192,498	\$	32,747	\$	253,209
Component units:							
Lake City LDC	 		-		-		-
Total component units	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
		Gene	eral revenues:				

- General revenues:
- Property taxes
- Property tax items
- Non-property tax items
- Interest and earnings
- Fines and penalties
- Intergovernmental
- Sales of property and compensation for loss
- Miscellaneous
- Interfund revenues
- State sources
- Operating transfers Total general revenues and operating transfers
- Changes in net assets
- Net assets, beginning

Net assets, ending

Exhibit B

vernmental Activities (3,351,773)	rimary Governn Business-typ Activities			Cor	monent	Total Reporting
 Activities (3,351,773)	• •	e		Cor	nnonent	Reporting
(3,351,773)	Activities			Component		roporting
\$			Total		Units	Unit
\$						
	\$-	\$	(3,351,773)	\$	-	\$ (3,351,773)
(7,355,683)	-		(7,355,683)		-	(7,355,683)
(1,639,361)	-		(1,639,361)		-	(1,639,361)
(120,148)	-		(120,148)		-	(120,148)
(1,559,800)	-		(1,559,800)		-	(1,559,800)
(468,416)	-		(468,416)		-	(468,416)
(13,291,496)	-		(13,291,496)		-	(13,291,496)
(510,560)	-		(510,560)		-	(510,560)
 (28,297,237)			(28,297,237)			(28,297,237)
(20,201,201)			(20,201,201)			(20,201,201)
-	(549,01	4)	(549,014)		-	(549,014)
-	(549,01		(549,014)		-	(549,014)
(28,297,237)	(549,01	4)	(28,846,251)		-	(28,846,251)
-	-		-		-	-
 -	-		-		-	
10,379,065	-		10,379,065		-	10,379,065
378,446	-		378,446		-	378,446
4,243,843	-		4,243,843		-	4,243,843
69,066	57,88	2	126,948		14	126,962
358,594	-		358,594		-	358,594
1,059,930	-		1,059,930		-	1,059,930
70,887	-		70,887		-	70,887
241,397	103,74		345,141		-	345,141
942,530	224,77	6	1,167,306		-	1,167,306
3,765,826	-		3,765,826		-	3,765,826
626,062	(626,06	2)	-		-	
22,135,646	(239,66	0)	21,895,986		14	21,896,000
 (6,161,591)	(788,67	4)	(6,950,265)		14	(6,950,251)
93,207,427	29,538,40	2	122,745,829		13,716	122,759,545
\$ 87,045,836	\$ 28,749,72	8 \$	115,795,564	\$	13,730	\$ 115,809,294

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2016

Cash and equivalents Taxes receivable, net of allowance of \$16,343 \$ 6,700 \$ 7,422,75 \$ 4,641,286 \$ - \$ 12,070,741 Cash and equivalents Taxes receivable, net of allowance of \$67,097 1,660,201 - - 1,660,201 State and federal receivables Economic development loans Due from other funds Due from other funds Due from other governments Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits 436,462 756,452 125,512 792 1,319,198 Due from other governments Restricted assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,471,523 \$ 0,944 \$ 71,477 \$ 22,066,399 Cash and requivalents \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 22,066,399 LABLITIES Accounts payable Accounts for times \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Determent infunds \$ 45,685 1/71,717 \$ 71,477 \$ 22,086,390 Due to other funds \$ 45,085 1/297,078 - \$ 1,287,078 Total labilities \$ 0,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120	ASSETS	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
of \$186,343 1,660,201 - - - 1,660,201 of \$870,597 474,884 875,545 173,833 - 1,524,662 State and federal receivables 41,962 13,555 74,046 - 129,663 Due from other funds - - 1,087,823 - - 1,087,823 Due from other governments 1,247,532 2,994 - - 1,250,525 Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits 189,783 2,056,599 - 70,685 2,317,067 Prepaid expenses 189,783 2,056,599 - 70,685 2,317,067 Total assets \$ 4,548,930<\$ 12,451,306<\$ 5,014,677<\$		\$ 6,700	\$ 7,422,755	\$ 4,641,286	\$-	\$ 12,070,741
of \$870,597 474,884 875,545 173,833 - 1,524,563 State and federal receivables 41,962 13,555 74,046 - 1087,823 Due from other funds 436,462 756,432 125,512 792 1,319,198 Due from other governments 1,247,532 2,994 - - 1,250,526 Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits 189,783 2,056,599 - 70,685 2,317,067 Prepaid expenses 41,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Total assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 2,2066,390 LIABULTIES Accrued liabilities 3,23,170 275,539 - - 5,88,799 Accounts payable 45,085 47,171 178,076 - 1,427,332 Due to other governments 445,085 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 Detered inflows of resources 1,097,078 - - 1,227,078 Detered inflows of resources 1,967,512 - - 1,227,079 FUND BALAN	of \$186,343	1,660,201	-	-	-	1,660,201
Economic development loans - 1,087,823 - - 1,087,823 Due from other funds 48,462 756,432 125,512 792 1,319,198 Due from other governments 1,247,532 2,994 - - 1,250,526 Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits 189,783 2,056,599 - - 727,009 Total assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 7,1477 \$ 22,066,390 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Accounts payable \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Accounts payable \$ 45,085 474,171 178,076 - 1,803,000 Due to other governments 45 716 - - 1,227,078 Due to other governments 1,297,078 - - 1,227,078 Due to other governments 1,297,078 - - 1,3228,164 Dete other dowel districts 1,297,078 </td <td></td> <td>474,884</td> <td>875,545</td> <td>173,833</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,524,262</td>		474,884	875,545	173,833	-	1,524,262
Due from other funds 436,462 756,432 125,512 792 1,319,198 Due from other governments 1,247,532 2,994 - - 1,250,526 Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits 189,783 2,056,599 - 70,685 2,317,067 Prepaid expenses 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Total assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 50,14,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 22,086,390 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Accounts payable \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Accound liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 1,497,332 Due to other funds 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,957,512 - -		41,962		74,046	-	
Due form other governments deposits 1,247,532 2,994 - - 1,250,526 Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits 189,783 2,056,599 - 70,685 2,317,067 Prepaid expenses \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 220,66,390 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 598,709 Bonds anticipation note 323,170 275,539 - - 8,805,000 - 8,805,000 Due to other governments 45 74,171 17,80,76 - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DeFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 Nonspendable: Prepaids 491,406 235,603 -				-	-	
Restricted assetis-cash and cash in time deposits Prepaid expenses 189,783 491,406 2,056,599 235,603 - 70,685 727,009 2,317,067 727,009 Total assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 2,2317,067 LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$. \$ 1,029,284 Accrued liabilities \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$. \$ 508,709 Bonds anticipation note . . 8,805,000 . 8,805,000 . 8,805,000 Due to other funds .				125,512	792	
Prepaid expenses 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Total assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 22,086,390 LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities 323,170 275,539 - - 5 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Accrued liabilities 323,170 275,539 - - 8,805,000 Due to other funds 845,085 474,171 178,076 - 1,497,332 Due to school districts 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 118,025 FUND BALANCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES - 1,957,512 - - 727,009 Cong term loans & receivable - 8,56,603 - - 727,009 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 - - 71,477	Restricted assets-cash and cash in time			-	-	
Total assets \$ 4,548,930 \$ 12,451,306 \$ 5,014,677 \$ 71,477 \$ 22,086,390 LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accound liabilities Bonds anticipation note Due to other funds Due to other governments \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$. \$ 598,709 Due to other funds Due to other governments 345,085 741,171 178,076 . 1,487,332 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 . 1,229,078 Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 . . 118,025 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaids Long term loans & receivable Restricted: Capital reserve Assaigned: General Assat seizure reserve Dubter setricted . 1,957,512 .	•			-	70,685	
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Accounts payable \$ 610,990 \$ 327,250 \$ 91,044 \$ - \$ 1,029,284 Accrued liabilities 323,170 275,539 - - 8,805,000 - 8,805,000 Due to other funds 845,085 474,171 178,076 - 1,497,332 Due to other funds 845,085 474,171 178,076 - 1,297,078 Due to school districts 1,297,078 - - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 Retirement of LTD - 855,689 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - 1,957,512 - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - 71,477 71,477 71,477 74,868,03 Asset sizure reserve 97,996 - -	Total assets	\$ 4,548,930	\$ 12,451,306	\$ 5,014,677	\$ 71,477	\$ 22,086,390
Accrued liabilities 323,170 275,539 - - 598,709 Bonds anticipation note - - - 8,805,000 - 8,805,000 Due to other governments 445 716 - - 761 Due to school districts 1,297,078 - - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES - - 118,025 - 118,025 FUND BALANCES - - 118,025 - - 118,025 Restricted: - - 855,689 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 86,803 - - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retrirement of LTD - - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: -	LIABILITIES					
Bonds anticipation note - - 8,805,000 - 8,805,000 Due to other funds 845,085 474,171 178,076 - 1,497,332 Due to other governments 45 716 - - 761 Due to school districts 1,297,078 - - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Beferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: - - 727,009 - 108,025,689 - - 855,689 - 855,689 - - 855,689 - - 86,803 - - 71,477 71,477 71,477 71,477 71,477 74,477 74,477 74,488 - - 86,803 - - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 -			. ,	\$ 91,044	\$-	
Due to other funds 845,085 474,171 178,076 - 1,497,332 Due to other governments 45 716 - 761 Due to school districts 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 Nonspendable: - - 727,009 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 - - 856,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 97,996 - - 86,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 2,391 - - 2,391		323,170	275,539	-	-	•
Due to other governments 45 716 - - 761 Due to school districts 1,297,078 - - - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 Nonspendable: Prepaids 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 - 1,957,512 Capital reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,86		-	-		-	
Due to school districts 1,297,078 - - - 1,297,078 Total liabilities 3,076,368 1,077,676 9,074,120 - 13,228,164 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES 14,006 235,603 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,656,696 - - 96,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 General 57,438 - - 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services Appropriated fund balance Designated for subsequent - 484,876				178,076	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: - - 727,009 - 855,689 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - 71,477 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - 1,656,696 - 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 2,391 - 2,2391 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>	-		-	-	-	
Deferred inflows of resources 14,003 104,022 - - 118,025 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaids 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - - 86,803 - - 97,996 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - 1,656,696 - - 2,391 General 57,438 - - 2,391 - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 2,391 Appropriated fund balance - 484,876 - 484,876 Unassigned - 484,876 -	Total liabilities	3,076,368	1,077,676	9,074,120	-	13,228,164
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaids 491,406 235,603 - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - - 86,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - 1,656,696 General 57,438 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unaspropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,05	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Nonspendable: Prepaids 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 General 57,438 - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Appropriated for subsequent - 484,876 - 484,876 Unappropriated for subsequent - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 <td>Deferred inflows of resources</td> <td>14,003</td> <td>104,022</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>118,025</td>	Deferred inflows of resources	14,003	104,022	-	-	118,025
Nonspendable: Prepaids 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 General 57,438 - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Appropriated for subsequent - 484,876 - 484,876 Unappropriated for subsequent - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 <td>FUND BALANCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	FUND BALANCES					
Prepaids 491,406 235,603 - - 727,009 Long term loans & receivable - 855,689 - - 855,689 Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 2,391 Public safety 2,391 - - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Veal's expenditures - 484,876 - 6,204,498 Unappropriat						
Restricted: - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 86,803 - - 86,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 - 97,996 97,996 97,996 - 1,656,696 4 97,996 - 1,656,696 4 1,2331 1,458,559 16,869 - 2,391 4 1 4 4,876 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	-	491,406	235,603	-	-	727,009
Capital reserve - 1,957,512 - - 1,957,512 Retirement of LTD - - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 86,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - 57,438 - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - 2,391 - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 2,391 Appropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 22,391 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,		-	855,689	-	-	855,689
Retirement of LTD - - 71,477 71,477 Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - 86,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - 1,656,696 - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 2,391 - 22,391 Vear's expenditures - 484,876 - 6,204,498 2,391 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201						
Aerial fire equip reserve 86,803 - - - 86,803 Asset seizure reserve 97,996 - - 97,996 Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: - - - - 57,438 - - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - - 2,391 - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance - - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - - 6,204,498 - - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201		-	1,957,512	-	-	
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Other restricted - 1,656,696 - - 1,656,696 Assigned: General 57,438 - - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance - - 484,876 - 22,391 year's expenditures - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - - 6,204,498 Unassigned 11,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201			-	_	-	
Assigned: 57,438 - - - 57,438 Public safety 2,391 - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance 5,522 16,869 - 22,391 Designated for subsequent - 484,876 - 22,391 Vnappropriated fund balance - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - - 6,204,498 Unassigned 11,209,608 (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201			1,656,696	-	-	
Public safety 2,391 - - - 2,391 Home & community services 5,522 16,869 - - 22,391 Appropriated fund balance 5,522 16,869 - - 22,391 Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - - - - - -	Assigned:					
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Appropriated fund balance Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>	•		-	-	-	
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - <td></td> <td>5,522</td> <td>16,869</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>22,391</td>		5,522	16,869	-	-	22,391
year's expenditures - 484,876 - - 484,876 Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Unappropriated fund balance - 6,204,498 - - 6,204,498 Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>181 876</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>181 876</td>		_	181 876	_	_	181 876
Unassigned 717,003 (142,135) (4,059,443) - (3,484,575) Total fund balances 1,458,559 11,269,608 (4,059,443) 71,477 8,740,201 Total liabilities, deferred inflows		_		_	_	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		717,003		(4,059,443)	-	
	Total fund balances	1,458,559	11,269,608	(4,059,443)	71,477	8,740,201
		\$ 4,548,930	\$ 12,451,306	\$ 5,014,677	\$ 71,477	\$ 22,086,390

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	8,740,201
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		103,962,326
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, and other post employment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable		(12,412,835)
Compensated absences		(4,133,554)
Other post employment benefits		(8,980,895)
Accrued bond interest is reflected in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds.		(3,733)
Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the City's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the City's contributions and its proportionate		
share of the total contributions to the pension system.		(125,674)
	•	
Net position of governmental activities	\$	87,045,836

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Real property taxes	\$10,294,055	\$ 85,010	\$-	\$-	\$ 10,379,065
Real property tax items	378,446	-	-	-	378,446
Non-property tax items	4,243,843	-	-	-	4,243,843
Departmental income	1,563,505	8,020,425	-	-	9,583,930
Intergovernmental charges	-	1,059,930	-	-	1,059,930
Use of money and property	12,836	75,273	147	5,118	93,374
Licenses and permits	108,817	-	-	-	108,817
Fines and forfeitures	358,594	-	-	-	358,594
Sales of property & compensation for loss	58,575	12,312	-	-	70,887
Miscellaneous local sources	111,789	56,764	-	-	168,553
Interfund	834,880	107,650	-	-	942,530
State aid	3,039,243	877,205	-	-	3,916,448
Federal aid	5,552	3,406	104,876	-	113,834
Total revenues	21,010,135	10,297,975	105,023	5,118	31,418,251
Expenditures					
General governmental support	2,342,586	531,211	-	-	2,873,797
Public safety	7,926,080	-	219,485	-	8,145,565
Transportation	1,239,590	41,112	1,784,496	-	3,065,198
Economic assistance and opportunity	136,650	-	-	_	136,650
Culture and recreation	437,341	1,611,642	55,197	_	2,104,180
Home and community services	561,396	6,185,840	1,124,356	_	7,871,592
Employee benefits	7,412,604	2,368,169	-	_	9,780,773
Debt service	7,412,004	2,000,109		2,092,846	2,092,846
Debt Service				2,032,040	2,032,040
Total expenditures	20,056,247	10,737,974	3,183,534	2,092,846	36,070,601
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	953,888	(439,999)	(3,078,511)	(2,087,728)	(4,652,350)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	1,145,721	1,240,320	546,262	1,796,827	4,729,130
Operating transfers out	(2,492,754)	(1,592,203)	(18,111)	-	(4,103,068)
BANS redeemed from appropriations	-	-	262,172	-	262,172
Proceeds of refunding bonds	-	-	-	1,870,200	1,870,200
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	(1,870,200)	(1,870,200)
BAN premium received		-	-	70,036	70,036
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,347,033)	(351,883)	790,323	1,866,863	958,270
Net change in fund balances	(393,145)	(791,882)	(2,288,188)	(220,865)	(3,694,080)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,851,704	12,061,490	(1,771,255)	292,342	12,434,281
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,458,559	\$11,269,608	\$(4,059,443)	\$ 71,477	\$ 8,740,201

Exhibit D

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the detail of the two components:

Capital outlay	3,476,465
Depreciation expense	(3,753,367)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related accounts.

20,	.(C))))))
2	0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

\$

(3,694,080)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.

Compensated absences used exceeded the amount earned during the year	(291)
Other post employment benefits earned exceeded the amount used during the year	(2,405,370)
Accrued bond interest	84

Payments of BAN principal are an expenditure in the Debt Service Fund and other income in the capital projects fund. A reclassifying entry to offset these amounts reduces both expenditures and other sources of income on the Statement of Activities.

Principal reduction - BAN	262,172
BAN's redeemed from appropriations	(262,172)

(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds.

Employees' Retirement System	 (1,105,062)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (6,161,591)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2016

December 31, 2010	Special Grants	Parking Authority	R	ecreation	Wa	ater	Sewer	Library	Total Special Revenue
ASSETS Cash Other receivables Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,771,507 34,241 -	\$ 195,950 139 1,133	\$	200 3,998 72,822	33	0,050 0,553 1,895	\$ 4,931,554 498,035 92,390	\$ 323,494 8,579 17,363	\$ 7,422,755 875,545 235,603
Economic development loans Due from other funds Due from other governments Restricted assets - cash State & federal receivables	1,087,823 - - - 13,555			6,406 2,289 - -		- 6,844 - 4,918 -	- 243,182 - 1,945,294 -	- - 705 76,387 -	1,087,823 756,432 2,994 2,056,599 13,555
Total assets	\$ 2,907,126	\$ 197,222	\$	85,715	\$1,12	4,260	\$7,710,455	\$ 426,528	\$ 12,451,306
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$- - 6,834 716	\$ 909 1,287 - -	\$	85,739 17,201 52,088 -	5	6,206 2,235 5,039 -	\$ 169,172 183,674 250,210 -	\$ 25,224 21,142 - -	\$ 327,250 275,539 474,171 716
Total liabilities	7,550	2,196		155,028	26	3,480	603,056	46,366	1,077,676
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows of resources	104,022	-		-		-	-	-	104,022
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:									
Prepaids Long term loans & receivable Restricted:	- 855,689	1,133 -		72,822 -	5	1,895 -	92,390 -	17,363 -	235,603 855,689
Capital reserve Other restricted Assigned:	- 1,656,696	-		-	3	-	1,846,186 -	76,387 -	1,957,512 1,656,696
Home & community services Appropriated fund balance Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned	- - 283,169 -	- - 193,893 -		- - - (142,135)	,	- 6,305 -	16,869 317,235 4,834,719 -	- - 286,412 -	16,869 484,876 6,204,498 (142,135)
Total fund balances	2,795,554	195,026		(69,313)	86	0,780	7,107,399	380,162	11,269,608
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,907,126	\$ 197,222	\$	85,715	\$1,12	4,260	\$7,710,455	\$ 426,528	\$ 12,451,306

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Special Grants	Parking Authority	R	ecreation	Water	Sewer	Library	Total Special Revenue
Revenues								
Real property taxes	\$ -	\$ 85,010	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 85,010
Departmental income	4,917	-		686,906	2,880,334	4,436,063	12,205	8,020,425
Intergovernmental charges	-	-		-	321,546	738,384	-	1,059,930
Use of money and property	36,045	15,808		(16)	2,747	19,886	803	75,273
Sales of property and compensation for loss	-	-		840	1,738	759	8,975	12,312
Miscellaneous local sources	16,303	14		7,835	1,221	2,060	29,331	56,764
Interfund Revenues	-	-		-	79,409	28,241	-	107,650
State aid	726,583	-		2,289	-	-	148,333	877,205
Federal aid	 -	-		-	-	-	3,406	3,406
Total revenues	 783,848	100,832		697,854	3,286,995	5,225,393	203,053	10,297,975
Expenditures								
General governmental support	-	-		36,256	341,240	150,493	3,222	531,211
Transportation	-	41,112		-	-	-	-	41,112
Culture and recreation	-	-		804,293	-	-	807,349	1,611,642
Home and community services	822,831	-		-	1,554,578	3,808,431	-	6,185,840
Employee benefits	 -	12,416		192,794	747,442	1,188,908	226,609	2,368,169
Total expenditures	 822,831	53,528	1	1,033,343	2,643,260	5,147,832	1,037,180	10,737,974
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 (38,983)	47,304		(335,489)	643,735	77,561	(834,127)	(439,999)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in	-	-		470,751	18,111	-	751,458	1,240,320
Operating transfers out	 -	(19,422)		(163,766)	(919,247)	(483,068)	(6,700)	(1,592,203)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	(19,422)		306,985	(901,136)	(483,068)	744,758	(351,883)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (38,983)	\$ 27,882	\$	(28,504)	\$ (257,401)	\$ (405,507)	\$ (89,369)	\$ (791,882)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE- BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2016

Tear Linden December 31, 2010		Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)		
Real property taxes	\$ 10,247,447	\$ 10,247,447	\$ 10,294,055	\$ 46,608		
Real property tax items	268,333	349,694	378,446	28,752		
Non-property tax items	4,300,581	4,300,581	4,243,843	(56,738)		
Departmental income	1,482,800	1,488,690	1,563,505	74,815		
Use of money and property	15,320	15,320	12,836	(2,484)		
Licenses and permits	95,980	95,980	108,817	12,837		
Fines and forfeitures	432,500	432,500	358,594	(73,906)		
Sales of property and compensation for loss	65,000	68,955	58,575	(10,380)		
Miscellaneous local sources	184,152	184,152	111,789	(72,363)		
Interfund	746,000	755,000	834,880	79,880		
State aid	2,892,316	2,892,316	3,039,243	146,927		
Federal aid	12,000	12,000	5,552	(6,448)		
Total revenues	20,742,429	20,842,635	21,010,135	167,500		
Expenditures						
General governmental support	2,275,449	2,405,736	2,400,024	5,712		
Public Safety	7,806,249	7,957,380	7,928,471	28,909		
Transportation	1,360,349	1,279,574	1,239,590	39,984		
Economic assistance and opportunity	138,839	145,252	136,650	8,602		
Culture and recreation	371,976	417,727	437,341	(19,614)		
Home and community services	655,935	628,801	566,918	61,883		
Employee benefits	6,951,523	7,199,737	7,412,604	(212,867)		
Total expenditures	19,560,320	20,034,207	20,121,598	(87,391)		
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	1,182,109	808,428	888,537	80,109		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers in	1,119,659	1,119,659	1,145,721	26,062		
Operating transfers out	(2,338,683)	(2,514,254)	(2,492,754)	21,500		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,219,024)	(1,394,595)	(1,347,033)	47,562		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (36,915)	\$ (586,167)	\$ (458,496)	\$ 127,671		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE- BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016

Tear Ended December 31, 2010	 Budgeted Original	∣ Ar	nounts Final	Actual	/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Ŭ				
Real property taxes	\$ 85,010	\$	85,010	\$ 85,010	\$ -
Departmental income	8,290,379		8,298,829	8,015,508	(283,321)
Intergovernmental charges	1,071,986		1,085,986	1,059,930	(26,056)
Use of money and property	30,825		30,825	39,228	8,403
Sales of property and compensation for loss	13,309		13,309	12,312	(997)
Miscellaneous local sources	33,300		33,300	40,461	7,161
Interfund revenues	159,138		159,138	107,650	(51,488)
State aid	218,717		218,717	150,622	(68,095)
Federal aid	 3,406		3,406	3,406	-
Total revenues	 9,906,070		9,928,520	9,514,127	(414,393)
Expenditures					
General governmental support	519,266		537,613	531,211	6,402
Transportation	59,499		58,092	41,112	16,980
Culture and recreation	1,491,253		1,596,930	1,611,642	(14,712)
Home and community services	5,880,728		6,065,485	5,379,878	685,607
Employee benefits	 2,301,387		2,326,424	2,368,169	(41,745)
Total expenditures	 10,252,133		10,584,544	9,932,012	652,532
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (346,063)		(656,024)	(417,885)	238,139
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	1,108,999		1,222,210	1,240,320	18,110
Operating transfers out	 (1,074,543)		(1,660,647)	(1,592,203)	68,444
Total other financing sources (uses)	 34,456		(438,437)	(351,883)	86,554
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (311,607)	\$	(1,094,461)	\$ (769,768)	\$ 324,693

Exhibit H

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND Year Ended December 31, 2016

	 Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final	Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues						
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,118	\$	5,118
Total revenues	 -		-	5,118		5,118
Expenditures						
Debt service (principal and interest)	 2,094,185		2,094,185	2,092,846		1,339
Total expenditures	 2,094,185		2,094,185	2,092,846		1,339
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (2,094,185)		(2,094,185)	(2,087,728)		6,457
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers in	1,731,214		1,803,205	1,796,827		(6,378)
BAN premium received	 -		-	70,036		70,036
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,731,214		1,803,205	1,866,863		63,658
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (362,971)	\$	(290,980)	\$ (220,865)	\$	70,115

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

Exhibit I

Exhibit J

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2016

December 31, 2016		0040
		2016
ASSETS	۴	00,400
Cash and equivalents	\$	92,409
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		4 4 4 4 0 5 4
of \$65,000		1,144,951
Inventories		1,489,851
Prepaid expenses		339,556
Restricted assets-cash and cash in time deposits		2,346,405
Due from other funds		210,138
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation		34,822,338
Total assets		40,445,648
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension		1,345,373
		1,010,010
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$	41,791,021
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	1,263,179
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	100,737
Due to other funds		32,171
Customer deposits		155,395
Bonds payable, current portion		885,104
Total current liabilities		2,436,586
Non-current liabilities:		
Compensated absences		711,644
Other post employment benefits		345,587
Bonds payable		8,132,061
Net pension liability- proportionate share		1,265,420
Total non-current liabilities		10,454,712
Total liabilities		12,891,298
		,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources		149,995
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		25,742,171
Restricted for capital projects		1,911,178
Restricted for debt service		223,759
Restricted for other purposes		211,468
Unrestricted		661,152
Total net position		28,749,728
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	41,791,021
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND Year ended December 31, 2016

		2016
Charges for services:	¢	40,400,754
Municipal charges	\$	16,499,751
Interfund charges		224,776
Miscellaneous income		103,744
Total charges for services		16,828,271
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and wages		1,778,547
Fringe benefits		1,832,918
Electric and power		10,843,367
Real property taxes		60,141
Bad debts		43,004
Depreciation		2,153,153
Total operating expenses		16,711,130
Net operating income		117,141
Nonoperating income (expenses)		
Use of money and property		57,882
Interest expense		(337,635)
Total nonoperating income (expense)		(279,753)
Change in net position before transfers		(162,612)
Transfers		
Payments in lieu of taxes		(401,286)
Contributions to municipality		(224,776)
Total transfers		(626,062)
Change in net position		(788,674)
Net position and required reserves, January 1		29,538,402
Net position and required reserves, December 31	\$	28,749,728

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended December 31, 2016

Tear Ended December 31, 2010	2016
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 16,761,019
Cash paid to suppliers and other vendors	(11,546,863)
Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits	(3,311,825)
Other revenue	300,894
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,203,225
Net cash used by non-capital and financing activities	
Real property taxes	(60,141)
Net cash used by non-capital and financing activities	(60,141)
	(00,111)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	700.040
Sale of investments	709,846
Interest income	7,563
Net cash provided by investing activities	717,409
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	
Principal payments on debt	(884,970)
Interest expense on debt	(337,635)
Payments to contractors	(1,646,100)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(2,868,705)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(8,212)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	100,621
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 92,409
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$ 117,141
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Contributions to municipality	(626,062)
Real property taxes	60,141
Rental of real property	50,319
GASB 68 pension adjustments	(5,516)
Bad debts	43,004
	2,153,153
(Increase) decrease in assets: Account receivable	26 402
Due from other funds	36,492 19,121
Inventories	(54,562)
Prepaid expenses	(54,502)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	55,402
Accounts payable	(48,253)
Accrued liabilities	953
Due to other funds	(48,095)
Customer deposits	(3,164)
Compensated absences	15,885
Other post employment benefits	289,271
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,203,225

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

Exhibit L

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH, NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION December 31, 2016

ASSETS	 2016
Restricted cash Due from other funds	\$ 2,633,573 197
Total assets	\$ 2,633,770
LIABILITIES	
Due to other funds Other liabilities	\$ 30 2,633,740
Total liabilities	 2,633,770
NET POSITION	
Trust	 -
Total net position	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 2,633,770

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

INTRODUCTION

The City of Plattsburgh, New York, was established and is governed pursuant to Section 163 and 164 of Chapter 269 of the New York State Laws of 1902, as amended. The Common Council, which is the Legislative Body responsible for the overall operation of the City, consists of the Mayor and six councilors. The Mayor serves as Chief Executive Officer, and the Chamberlain, a non-elected official, serves as Chief Fiscal Officer of the City.

The City provides the following basic services as provided by its Charter and other state laws: public safety (Police and Fire), highways and streets, refuse collection, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, water, sewer and utility services (all primarily supported by user charges) and recreation (including a multi-purpose recreation center, beach and library).

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

COMPONENT UNITS

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government which is the City of Plattsburgh, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth in GASB Statement 61.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the City's reporting entity is based on several criteria set forth in Statement No. 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board including legal standing, fiscal dependency, financial accountability and overall materiality to the primary government. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities considered in determining the City of Plattsburgh reporting entity.

1. The Lake City Local Development Corporation (LCLDC) is related to the City of Plattsburgh and is a component unit under the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 61. The discrete component unit column in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities includes the financial data of the LDC. It is discretely presented in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The Corporation provides administrative and technical support to potential employers of city residents.

The principal office of the Corporation is located at:

Community Development Office Second Floor City Hall 41 City Hall Place Plattsburgh, NY 12901
CITY OF PLATTSBURGH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the City's services (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All applicable GASB Statements have been implemented including GASB Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, which the City was required to implement effective fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and component unit financial statements apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principal Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to City departments. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements and financial statements of component units also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met. Pension trust funds recognize employer and participant contributions in the period in which contributions are due and the City has made a

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (continued)

formal commitment to provide the contributions. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers property taxes to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the fiscal year. A ninety (90) day availability period is used for recognition of all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: property taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, and licenses, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received. Sales taxes collected and held by the State of New York at year end on behalf of the government are accrued based on anticipated sales tax revenue due to the City.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expense related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charged to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances/retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are required by law or regulation to be accounted for in separate funds. The City maintains the following special revenue funds:

Special Grant Fund - to account for the use of Federal and State monies received under the Community Development Act and other Housing and Economic Development Projects.

Sewer Fund - to account for the operations, including debt service, of the sewer district. The City has elected not to account for this activity as an enterprise fund type.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS (continued)

Municipal Parking Fund - to account for the operations and maintenance of City parking within the downtown business district and the Oval Parking District in accordance with New York State laws. The City has elected not to account for this activity as an enterprise fund type.

Water Fund - to account for the operations, including debt service, of the water district. The City has elected not to account for this activity as an enterprise fund type.

Recreation Complex Fund - to account for the operations and maintenance of recreation facilities of the City in accordance with New York State laws.

Public Library Fund - to account for the operation of the City's Library.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital expenditures (other than those reported in the fund type).

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Notes and the debts of the proprietary fund are not accounted for in this fund.

Proprietary Fund

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body had decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains one enterprise fund to account for the operations of the City's municipal lighting department.

Fiduciary Fund

The Trust and Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

PERVASIVENESS OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liability and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

BUDGETARY DATA

BUDGET POLICY AND PRACTICE

On or before October 1 of each year, the Mayor submits to the Common Council a proposed tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes expenditures and the sources of financing. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments on or before October 22. Prior to January 15, the budget is adopted by the Common Council. The Budget Committee is authorized to approve certain budget transfer requests within departments, within a fund; however, the Common Council must approve any revisions that alter total expenditures of any department or fund. For year-end financial reporting, adjustments are made to actual results to conform to modified budget classifications and reflect year-end encumbrances.

The City does not prepare an operating budget for the Community Development Fund. Therefore, this fund's activities have been eliminated in the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund for year-end financial reporting.

For purposes of comparing current period amounts expended and encumbered with current period budgeted amounts, encumbrances are included with expenditures on Exhibits G, H, and I - Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Fund.

A reconciliation of revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Debit Service Fund on Exhibits G, H, and I - Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Debt Service Fund to revenues and expenditures for the respective funds on Exhibit D - Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds:

Revenues	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund
Revenues included in budget comparison - Exhibits G, H and I Plus revenues from Special Revenue funds	\$ 21,010,135	\$ 9,514,127	\$ 5,118
excluded in budget comparison Revenues per Exhibit D	- \$ 21,010,135	783,848 \$ 10,297,975	- \$5,118
Expenditures			
Expenditures included in budget comparison - Exhibits G, H, and I Plus Expenditures from Special Revenue	\$ 20,121,598	\$ 9,932,012	\$ 2,092,846
Funds excluded in budget comparison Less Encumbrances included	-	822,831	-
in budget comparison	(65,351)	(16,869)	
Expenditures per Exhibit D	\$ 20,056,247	\$ 10,737,974	\$ 2,092,846

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

BUDGETARY DATA (continued)

BUDGETARY CONTROL

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: personal services, equipment and capital outlay, contractual expense, employee benefits, transfers and debt service. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. Budget revisions at this level are subject to the approval of the City Council. Revisions to the budget were made throughout the year.

BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental fund types. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end except for that portion related to encumbered amounts. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

<u>CASH</u>

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City includes all cash accounts, which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions, as cash on the accompanying balance sheet.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables are presented net of allowances for doubtful accounts. The amounts of these allowances by fund follow:

Fund	Taxes Receivable			Other Receivables
General Enterprise	\$	186,343 -	\$	670,597 65,000
	\$	186,343	\$	735,597

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INVENTORIES

Inventories, which are comprised of materials and supplies (enterprise fund), are valued at the lower of average cost or market.

CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATION, AND AMORTIZATION

Governmental funds

The City's land, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment with useful lives of 5-75 years are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary and component unit capital assets are also reported in their respective fund and combining component units' financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The City generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	20 - 75 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years

Proprietary fund

Fixed assets are stated at cost. Expenditures for additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized; expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Construction in progress represents numerous projects that will be transferred to the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated upon their completion. Depreciation is computed on the group method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

50 - 75 years
30 - 36 years
10 years
25 years

Equity Classifications

City-wide Statements:

In the city-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on those assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

Fund statements:

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

Non-spendable fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes prepaids for \$727,009 and long-term loans & receivables for \$855,689.

Restricted – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance.

General Fund

Asset Forfeiture Reserve – An amount reserved to purchase equipment for police department. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$97,996.

Aerial Fire Equipment Reserve - An amount reserved for the future purchase of, or payment on, an Aerial Fire Truck. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$86,803.

Retirement Reserve - An amount reserved for future retirement costs. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$0.

Special Revenue Fund

<u>Sewer</u>

Capital Reserve - Established June 28, 1979, pursuant to Section 6(c) of the General Municipal Law for the acquisition, construction and reconstruction of the City's Sewer System. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$1,846,186.

Water

Capital Reserve - Established June 28, 1979, pursuant to Section 6(c) of the General Municipal Law for the acquisition, construction and reconstruction of the City's Water System. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$34,939.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Library

Capital Reserve - Established October 22, 2013, pursuant to Section 6(c) of the General Municipal Law for the construction and/or reconstruction of the City's Library. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$76,387.

Debt Service Fund

Mandatory Reserve for Indebtedness - Pursuant to Section 165.00 of the Local Finance Law of the State of New York, the proceeds, inclusive of premium of generally all indebtedness incurred by the City, which will not be used for the specific purposes of the borrowing, plus any interest earned or capital gain realized on these proceeds or gain must be used only for payment of the principal and/or interest of the indebtedness from which these proceeds were derived. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$71,477.

Enterprise Fund

Electric Distribution System Bond Reserve Fund - Established July 27, 1978, pursuant to Section 6(h) of the General Municipal Law for the payment of bonded indebtedness. Maximum allowed accumulation is up to two years of debt service. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$223,759.

Reserve for Capital Projects (Municipal Lighting) - Required to be maintained by Section 6(k) of the General Municipal Law. These monies can only be used for improvements, extension, or replacement of electric services or for payment of indebtedness incurred for such purposes. Reserve balance at December 31, 2016 was \$1,911,178.

Retirement Reserve – Established to provide resources for future required retirement payments.

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Mayor and common council. The City has no committed fund balances as of December 31, 2016.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$65,351 and Special Revenue Fund amounted to \$14,771.

Unassigned – Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the city.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The City's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

PROGRAM REVENUES

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS OPERATING AND NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPESENS

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination or upon retirement, an employee is entitled to payment for accumulated vacation and may be entitled to payment for sick leave at various rates subject to certain maximum limitations.

Estimated vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type employees have been recorded in the general long-term debt account group except for the portion to be paid with current financial resources which has been recorded in the general fund and the portion related to proprietary fund which has been recorded as an expense when earned in the proprietary fund type.

Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the general long-term debt account group is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payments of vacation and sick leave when such payments become due.

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City of Plattsburgh, New York, provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. Health care costs include a prescription plan with co-payment of \$0 minimum to \$40 maximum depending on the plan chosen per participant, 20% coinsurance participant cost to a maximum of \$500 for major medical costs, and reimbursement to retiree and spouse for Medicare Part B insurance of between \$104.90 minimum to \$335.70 maximum per month. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. As of April 1, 1991, all present full time and equivalent City employees must serve for 20 years for the City to pay health care coverage unless otherwise prohibited by bargaining contract. All new hires will not be accorded any retirement health care coverage unless otherwise given in contract. The City accrues these costs when incurred. Segregation of these costs from ordinary employee benefits is not feasible at this time. Additionally, under General

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Municipal Law, the City is responsible for post-employment benefits to City firefighters who become disabled as a result of an injury or illness incurred in the line of duty. This post-employment benefit is the difference between the amount received from the pension system and regular salary. The City accounts for this post-employment benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis and the cost recognized in 2016 amounted to \$208,752 for 7 individuals.

EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The City has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2016 and September 15, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 77 Tax Abatement Disclosures.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's investment policies are governed by State statutes. City monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The City Chamberlain is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies and obligations of the State of New York.

The carrying amount of cash and cash in time deposits at December 31, 2016, is comprised as follows:

	-	Non-restricted Cash		estricted Cash
Petty cash funds	\$	7,300	\$	-
Non-interest bearing accounts		107,032		-
Interest bearing accounts	12	2,048,821		7,297,046
	\$ 12	2,163,153	\$	7,297,046

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State, its municipalities and school districts.

Deposits and investments at year-end were entirely covered by either the FDIC or by collateral held by the City's designated third-party custodial banks in the City's name. The City's bank balances totaled \$20,207,168 of which, \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$19,957,168 was covered by collateral.

<u>Pooled Bank Accounts</u> - Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all of the City's funds. Instead, most of the cash is deposited in pooled checking and savings accounts with accounting records maintained to show the portion of the balance attributable to each fund. At December 31, 2016 the City's funds had the book balances shown in the following schedule in the pooled bank accounts:

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fund	 Cash				
General	\$ 189,783				
Water	200,000				
Sewer	4,931,505				
Library	323,293				
Rec. Complex	-				
Debt Service	 70,686				
	\$ 5,715,267				

NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES

Real property tax levies are fully accrued at the beginning of the fiscal year and are received and accounted for in the general fund. Accruals for "due to other funds" are recorded in the general fund for the portion of the tax revenue allocated to other funds. Taxes for City purposes are based on City budget requirements. The City also bills and collects taxes levied by Clinton County. The City guarantees the collection of the county levies. Any properties with unpaid taxes for more than two years are seized through the foreclosure process in accordance with article 11 of the New York State Real Property Tax Law. Additionally, the City enforces collection of unpaid City school taxes transmitted by the school district to the City in December of each year.

Uncollected property taxes assumed by the City as a result of the settlement proceedings are reported as receivable in the general fund to maintain central control and provide for tax settlement and enforcement proceedings. An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established. The City may not levy taxes in excess of 2% of the average full valuation for the previous five years.

The following calendar pertains to City real property taxes as provided for by Title XIV of the City Charter:

Taxable Status Date - March 1 Levy Date - On or before January 30 Lien Date - January 1 Date taxes due - March 15, April 15, May 15 and June 15 or the next business day after these dates Date penalty period begins - Taxes remaining unpaid at the end of 30 days after each respective due date.

NOTE 4. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS

The City has established an economic development revolving loan program to create new employment opportunities for low or moderate income residents of the City through the expansion of existing or creation of new business in the City. Community Development Block Grant funds were used to issue the loans and as repayments are received, the City will provide additional economic development assistance to residents of the City. The balance of these loans at December 31, 2016 was \$477,089 maturing at various dates, bearing interest from 2.44% to 6.38%, collateralized by various property liens.

During 1998, the City established the Facade III Program which provided loans to business owners in the Central Business District for building facade rehabilitation. Dollars for this program are part of the Economic Development Loan Fund. Loans are \$10,000 per store front or \$24 per square foot whichever is greater to qualifying property owners. The loans are over seven years at 3% interest. The balance of these loans at December 31, 2016 was \$34,241.

NOTE 5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances at December 31, 2016 were as follows:

	R	Interfund eceivables	Interfund Payables				Interfund Transfers Out
General	\$	436,462	\$	845,085		\$ 1,145,721	\$ 2,492,754
Special Revenue		756,432		474,171		1,240,320	1,592,203
Capital Projects		125,512		178,076		546,262	18,111
Debt Service		792		-		1,796,827	-
Trust & Agency		197		30		-	-
Enterprise Fund		210,138		32,171		-	626,062
Total	\$	1,529,533	\$	1,529,533	_	\$ 4,729,130	\$ 4,729,130

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The City typically transfers money from the General and Special Revenue Funds to the Debt Service Fund, where it makes principal and interest payments on the City's bonds.

The City typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund to supplement certain programs and activities.

NOTE 6. RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash consists of the following:

	F	Restricted	
Fund	Ca	ish Balance	Restriction
General	\$	86,803	Fire equipment purchases
		102,980	Police equipment purchases
Total General	\$	189,783	
Special Revenue	\$	2,056,599	Water, Sewer and Library fund capital reserves
Debt Service	\$	70,685	Bond Debt Reserve - Time Deposit
Enterprise	\$	279,832	Bond Debt Reserve - Time Deposit
		1,911,178	Depreciation Reserve
		155,395	Other Deposits
Total Enterprise	\$	2,346,405	
Trust & Agency	\$	2,315,340 62,306	Escrow compost Clyde Lewis Park
Total Trust & Agency	\$	255,927 2,633,573	Other

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the City's capital assets for governmental activities is as follows:

Balance December 31, 2015		Additions		Deletions	Balance December 31, 2016
	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,670,981
78,177,107		12,803		-	78,189,910
51,446,279		1,420,812		-	52,867,091
12,030,342		563,814		155,318	12,438,838
14,551,469		3,166,951		1,687,914	16,030,506
174,876,178	\$	5,164,380	\$	1,843,232	178,197,326
					-
70,636,950	_				74,235,000
\$ 104,239,228	_				\$ 103,962,326
	December 31, 2015 \$ 18,670,981 78,177,107 51,446,279 12,030,342 14,551,469 174,876,178 70,636,950	December 31, 2015 \$ 18,670,981 \$ 78,177,107 51,446,279 12,030,342 14,551,469 174,876,178 \$ 70,636,950	December 31, 2015 Additions \$ 18,670,981 \$ - 78,177,107 12,803 51,446,279 1,420,812 12,030,342 563,814 14,551,469 3,166,951 174,876,178 \$ 5,164,380 70,636,950 -	December 31, Additions 2015 Additions \$ 18,670,981 \$ - \$ 78,177,107 12,803 51,446,279 1,420,812 12,030,342 563,814 14,551,469 3,166,951 174,876,178 \$ 5,164,380 70,636,950 \$ 5,164,380	December 31, 2015 Additions Deletions \$ 18,670,981 \$ - \$ - \$ - 78,177,107 12,803 - \$ - 51,446,279 1,420,812 - 12,030,342 563,814 155,318 14,551,469 3,166,951 1,687,914 174,876,178 \$ 5,164,380 \$ 1,843,232 70,636,950 - - - - -

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	12	2/31/2016
General governmental support	\$	655,876
Public Safety		306,785
Transportation		771,058
Economic assistance and opportunity		9,915
Culture and recreation		222,334
Home and community services		1,787,400
	\$	3,753,368

A detail of the City's capital assets for business type activities is as follows:

FIXED ASSETS								
DESCRIPTION	12/31/2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	12/31/2016				
Land	\$ 516,477	\$-	\$-	\$ 516,477				
Buildings	1,270,650	-	-	1,270,650				
Improvements	61,500,631	1,974,164	75,553	63,399,242				
Machinery and equipment	10,609,709	135,703	125,876	10,619,536				
Construction in progress	321,595	1,698,223	1,979,272	40,546				
Total	74,219,062	\$ 3,808,090	\$ 2,180,701	75,846,451				
				=				
Less accumulated depreciation	38,889,671			41,024,113				
	\$ 35,329,391	-		\$ 34,822,338				

NOTE 8. BONDS

Changes in bonds for the year ended December 31, 2016 follow:

	Governmental Activities	Bı	usiness-type Activities	Totals
Amount payable at January 1, 2016 Bonds Issued Bonds Retired	\$ 13,732,865 - (1,320,030)		9,902,135 - (884,970)	23,635,000 - (2,205,000)
Amount payable at December 31, 2016	\$ 12,412,835		9,017,165	\$ 21,430,000

Total interest expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2016, were \$863,104, which includes interest paid on a BAN of \$154,895. The following details the interest expense by function:

	vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Totals		
General governmental support Home and community services	\$ 510,644 -	\$ - 352,460	\$	510,644 352,460	
- -	\$ 510,644	\$ 352,460	\$	863,104	

NOTE 8. BONDS (continued)

The annual debt service requirements relating to bonds are as follows:

		Princ					
	Go	overnmental	Bu	Business-type			Total
Year		Activities		Activities			Principal
2017	\$	1,334,896	\$	885,104	9	5	2,220,000
2018		1,337,742		907,258			2,245,000
2019		1,340,425		904,575			2,245,000
2020		1,139,416		910,584			2,050,000
2021		1,064,005		685,995			1,750,000
2022-2026		4,426,351		3,148,649			7,575,000
2027-2031		1,770,000		1,575,000			3,345,000
	\$	12,412,835	\$	9,017,165	9	5	21,430,000
		Inte	rest				
	Go	Inter		siness-type			Total
Year			Bu	siness-type Activities			Total Interest
Year		overnmental	Bu	••			
<u>Year</u> 2017		overnmental	Bu	••		6	
		overnmental Activities	Bu	Activities		5	Interest
2017		overnmental Activities 319,186	Bu	Activities 327,574		6	Interest 646,760
2017 2018		overnmental Activities 319,186 287,962	Bu	Activities 327,574 296,388	9	6	Interest 646,760 584,350
2017 2018 2019		overnmental Activities 319,186 287,962 254,849	Bu	Activities 327,574 296,388 263,805		6	Interest 646,760 584,350 518,654
2017 2018 2019 2020		319,186 287,962 254,849 223,054	Bu	Activities 327,574 296,388 263,805 230,150	4	3	Interest 646,760 584,350 518,654 453,204
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021		319,186 287,962 254,849 223,054 193,296	Bu	Activities 327,574 296,388 263,805 230,150 195,884		5	Interest 646,760 584,350 518,654 453,204 389,180

Debt service expenditures are recorded in the fund that benefited from the capital project financed by the bonds or notes, i.e. the general fund, the appropriate special revenue fund or the enterprise fund.

At December 31, 2016, there were no capital leases.

NOTE 8. BONDS (continued)

General obligation bonds consist of the following:

Governmental funds

 \$1,870,200, Public Improvement Refunding Serial Bonds, variable principal payments through 2026, interest variable at 2.00%-3.00%. \$5,190,905 Refunding Serial Bonds of 2009 due in annual 	\$ 1,846,235
installments of \$81,900 to \$827,675 through 2020, interest rate at 4.25% to 4.750% \$3,629,000 Public Improvements Serial Bonds of 2009 due in annual	327,600
installments of \$25,000 to \$282,000 through 2029,interest rate at 3.75% to 4.0% \$8,735,000 Public Improvements Serial Bonds of 2011 due in annual	1,999,000
installments of \$315,000 to \$550,000 through 2030,interest rate at 2.0% to 3.250% \$2,369,771 NYS Environmental Facilities Bond of 2012, due in annual	6,400,000
installments of \$130,000 to \$155,000 through 2029 with an interest rate at .775% to 3.468%	1,840,000
Total Governmental Activities	 12,412,835
Business-type Activities	
 \$1,584,800 Public Improvement Refunding Serial Bonds, variable principal payments through 2024, interest variable at 2.00%-3.00%. \$2,444,095 Refunding Serial Bonds of 2009, due in annual 	1,568,765
 installments of \$171,880 to \$221,735 through 2020, interest at 4.25% to 4.750% \$9,600,000 Public Improvement Serial Bonds of 2009, due in annual installments of \$254,000 to \$525,000 through 2020, interest 	872,400
installments of \$354,000 to \$525,000 through 2029, interest at 3.75% to 4.0%	6,576,000
Total Business-type Activities	 9,017,165
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 21,430,000

On June 1, 2016, \$3,455,000 in general obligation bonds with interest rates varying between 2.0% and 3.0% were issued to advance refund \$3,455,000 of outstanding bonds with interest rates varying between 3.2% and 4.15%. The net proceeds of \$3,518,057 (after payment of \$86,474 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements.

NOTE 9. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - In the Community Development Fund, deferred inflows consist of loans currently outstanding to business and individuals which when repaid will be recognized as income. At December 31, 2016, this amount was \$104,022.

NOTE 10. POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the Altona Sludge lagoon for thirty years after closure plan acceptance in 1991. The City reports post closure care costs as an operating expense for each year in the Sewer Fund. For December 31, 2016, this amount was \$1,455.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

Plan Description

The City participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) which are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. The City also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Benefits Provided

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be a least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4 and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years pf service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 year of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Ordinary Disability Benefits

Generally, ordinary disability benefits, usually one-third of salary, are provided to eligible members after ten years of service; in some cases, they are provided after five years of service.

Accidental Disability Benefits

For all eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 ERS and PFRS members, the accidental disability benefit is a pension of 75 percent of final average salary, with an offset for any Workers' Compensation benefits received. The benefit for eligible Tier 3, 4, 5 and 6 members is the ordinary disability benefit with the years-of-service eligibility requirement dropped.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set for by law. The first \$50,000 of ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the members' annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for ten years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half of the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent of exceed 3 percent.

Contributions

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS) or January 9, 2010 (PFRS) who generally contribute 3.0 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3 percent to 6 percent depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employer's contributions base on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Contributions:

	 ERS	PFRS				
2016	\$ 1,208,988	\$ 1,387,189				
2015	\$ 1,381,855	\$ 1,624,997				
2014	\$ 1,608,062	\$ 1,430,757				

ERS and PFRS has provided additional disclosures for entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016 the City reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the System. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2016 for ERS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the System relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS Systems in reports provided to the City.

	ERS	PFRS
Actuarial Valuation Date	3/31/2016	3/31/2016
Net Pension liability	\$ (5,001,661)	\$ (5,865,786)
City's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension liability	0.0311625%	0.1981158%

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City's recognized pension expense of \$1,812,771 for ERS and \$2,135,616 for PFRS. At December 31, 2016 the City's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

	Governmental Activities							siness-type Activities	Total Primary Government	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		<u>ERS</u>	<u> </u>	PFRS		<u>Total</u>	ERS		<u>E</u> I	RS & PFRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,880	\$	52,611	\$	71,491	\$	6,395	\$	77,886
Changes of assumptions		996,343	2	,528,721		3,525,064		337,449		3,862,513
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,216,543	3	,287,299		5,503,842		750,717		6,254,559
Changes in proportion and differences between the City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		63,203		66,266		129,469		21,406		150,875
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		677,335	1	,040,392		1,717,727		229,406		1,947,133
Total	\$	3,972,304	\$6	,975,289	\$	10,947,593	\$	1,345,373	\$	12,292,966
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	442,869	\$	886,836	\$	1,329,705	\$	149,995	\$	1,479,700
Changes in proportion and differences between the City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		141,535		141,535		-		141,535
	\$	442,869	\$1	,028,371	\$	1,471,240	\$	149,995	\$	1,621,235

The City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

<u>PFRS</u>		
\$ 1,152,667		
1,152,667		
1,152,667		
1,106,895		
341,630		
-		
\$ 4,906,526		

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

Measurement date	<u>ERS</u> 3/31/2016	<u>PFRS</u> 3/31/2016
Actuarial valuation date	4/1/2015	4/1/2015
Interest rate	7.0%	7.0%
Salary scale	3.8%	3.8%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%

For ERS and PFRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

For ERS and PFRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for equities and fixed income as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2016 are summarized below:

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>			
Measurement date	3/31/2016			
Asset Class	%			
Domestic equity	7.30			
International equity	8.55			
Private equity	11.00			
Real estate	8.25			
Absolute return strategies	6.75			
Opportunistic portfolio	8.60			
Real assets	8.65			
Bonds and Mortgages	4.00			
Cash	2.25			
Inflation-indexed bonds	4.00			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0% for ERS and PFRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net positon was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share for the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% for ERS and PFRS, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.0% for ERS and PFRS) or 1% higher (8.0% for ERS and PFRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase		
Employer's proportionate share	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%		
of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (11,278,383)	\$ (5,001,661)	\$ 301,900		
PFRS	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase		
	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (13,101,851)	\$ (5,865,786)	\$ 199,604		

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)								
		ERS		PFRS	Total				
Valuation date		3/31/2016		3/31/2016					
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$	(172,303,544)	\$	(30,347,727)	\$ (202,651,271)				
Plan Net Position		156,253,265		27,386,940	183,640,205				
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(16,050,279)	\$	(2,960,787)	\$ (19,011,066)				
Ratio of plan net position to the Employers' total pension asset/ (liability)		-90.7%		-90.2%	-90.6%				

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS and PFRS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of December 31, 2016 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of December 31, 2016 amounted to \$0. The ERS premium of \$1,208,988 was paid December 15, 2016, generating a prepaid expense of \$302,247 at December 31, 2016. The PFRS premium of \$1,387,189 was paid December 15, 2016, generating a prepaid expense of \$346,797 at December 31, 2016.

<u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u> - Employees of the City of Plattsburgh may elect to participate in the NYS Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, usually after retirement.

NOTE 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment (health insurance, etc) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City's contractual agreements.

The City implemented GASB Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, in the year ended December 31, 2008. This required the City to calculate and record a net other post-employment benefit obligation at year-end. The net other postemployment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The City has obtained an actuarial valuation report as of December 31, 2016 which indicates that the total liability for other post-employment benefits is \$9,326,482 which is reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize

NOTE 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

	12/31/2016				12/31/2015				12/31/2014				
		City	MLD	Total		City	MLD	Total		City	MLD	Total	
Annual required contribution	\$	6,090,365 \$	832,696 \$	6,923,061	\$	3,660,095 \$		1- 1	\$	3,571,900 \$	401,980 \$	3,973,880	
Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution		263,021 (284,046)	2,253 (2,433)	265,274 (286,479)		240,750 (249,318)	5,048 (5,227)	245,798 (254,545)		217,854 (225,606)	7,837 (8,116)	225,691 (233,722)	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		6,069,340	832,516	6,901,856		3,651,527	412,484	4,064,011		3,564,148	401,701	3,965,849	
Contributions made (estimated)		(3,663,970)	(543,245)	(4,207,215)		(3,094,746)	(482,363)	(3,577,109)		(2,991,736)	(471,441)	(3,463,177)	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		2,405,370	289,271	2,694,641		556,781	(69,879)	486,902		572,412	(69,740)	502,672	
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		6,575,525	56,316	6,631,841		6,018,744	126,195	6,144,939		5,446,332	195,935	5,642,267	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	8,980,895 \$	345,587 \$	9,326,482	\$	6,575,525 \$	56,316 \$	6,631,841	\$	6,018,744 \$	126,195 \$	6,144,939	
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	6,069,340 \$	832,516 \$	6,901,856	\$	3,651,527 \$	412,484 \$	4,064,011	\$	3,564,148 \$	401,701 \$	3,965,849	
Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed		60.4%	65.3%	61.0%		84.8%	116.9%	88.0%		83.9%	117.4%	87.3%	
Net OPEB Obligation at end of year	\$	8,980,895 \$	345,587 \$	9,326,482	\$	6,575,525 \$	56,316 \$	6,631,841	\$	6,018,744 \$	126,195 \$	6,144,939	

Funding Status and Funding Progress: As of December 31, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$134,792,413, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll for all active employees was \$12,133,207 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 1110.94%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financials statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees – Retirement age was based on historical trends.

Marital status - It is assumed that 70% of retirees will be married at the time of their retirement.

Mortality – Life expectancies were based on The RP-2014 Mortality Table for males and females.

NOTE 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Healthcare cost trend rate – The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was initially set at 5.2%.

Discount rate – A 4.0% discount was used.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over a level period of 30 years. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2016 was 21 years.

NOTE 13. BOND ANTICIPATION NOTE

Bond anticipation note payable dated November 3, 2016 with a scheduled maturity date of November 3, 2017 with interest 2.00%. Proceeds of the BAN were used to fund various capital projects. The balance at December 31, 2016 was \$8,805,000.

NOTE 14. FRANCHISE FEE REVENUE

The City has a cable contract with Charter Communications and the City receives 5% of total gross revenue. Included in non-property tax items in the General Fund on Exhibit D franchise fee revenue was \$258,431 based on gross revenue of \$5,168,620.

NOTE 15. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE and ACCOUNTABILITY

The Capital Projects Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$4,059,443. This will be funded as the General Fund transfers monies to the Capital Projects Fund to make the principal payments on the outstanding BAN and/or when the City obtains permanent financing for its current capital project.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Purchase of Electricity

The Plattsburgh Municipal Lighting Department (PMLD) is now a partial requirements service customer of the Power Authority of the State of New York (NYPA), receiving electric service under St. Lawrence Contract S-3 which originally expired in the year 2013 but has been extended to 2025. Effective May, 1998, PMLD is billed under Service Tariffs 39A and 39B. PMLD will receive incremental power from the New York Municipal Power Agency (NYMPA) pursuant to NYPA Service Tariff No. 39B.

Durkee Street Lease

A 99 year commercial lease was signed in May 2006 between the City of Plattsburgh and ICV-New York, LLC for the use of land. Rent is \$1,000 per year for the first five years with a CPI increase measured for the previous year or 3% increase, whichever is less, beginning in the second year and continuing through year five. The rent increases to \$5,000 for years six through ten, to \$15,000 for years eleven through fifteen and to \$20,000 for years sixteen through ninety-nine. Each incremental rent increase will have a similar CPI increase or a 3% increase applied, whichever is less, during the second year of that incremental rent change and continuing each year of that incremental period until the next incremental rent increase is reached or until the last year of the agreement.

Clyde Lewis Park Trust

In June 2008, the City entered into an agreement with Plattsburgh Airbase Redevelopment Corp. (PARC) to be the caretaker of two aircraft (an FB-111A and B-47) on display at Clyde Lewis Park. The City is responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of the Aircraft. As part of the agreement, PARC made a grant to the City amounting to \$50,000 which the City shall invest and apply the earned interest toward the annual maintenance and upkeep. The principal amount of the Grant proceeds may be applied toward the cost of returning the aircraft to the United States Air Force Museum (USAFM) or the cost to repair the Aircraft should

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

catastrophic damage occur as a result of a natural disaster or other unforeseen event. In the event the City is in default under this agreement, the City shall be obligated to repay to PARC, the full amount of the Grant.

Law Suits

The City has been named, in the normal course of operations, as a defendant in numerous claims according to its insurance carrier. In the opinion of the City, after considering all relevant facts, except as stated below, the ultimate losses not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation could have the potential to be in the range of \$104,000 to \$485,000 taken as a whole.

The City is subject to the following types of risk: general liability and property damage; theft, dishonesty and forgery; special hauling; disability; ambulance errors and omissions; accidental death; and legal enforcement liability. For these kinds of risks, the City has purchased commercial insurance which is significant in amount to risk exposure. All claims are routinely turned over to the insurance carriers.

There are several real property tax cases pending against the City. Historically many cases are abandoned, settled by modest reductions in assessed value in future years or negotiated settlements are agreed upon. In the opinion of the City, the potential liability that may arise would be \$246,000.

Sewage Treatment Facilities

The City of Plattsburgh has a long-term contract covering the period of indebtedness for its Water Pollution Plant with Georgia Pacific and Tenneco Packaging, which guarantee a significant portion of the capital indebtedness outstanding for this project.

Other significant users who pay or have paid a significant part of the capital investment in these facilities are the Plattsburgh State University of New York and the City of Plattsburgh. Operations and maintenance costs are billed on a monthly usage basis.

Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The City believes, based upon its review of current activity and prior experience, the amount of disallowance resulting from these audits, if any, will not be significant to the City's financial position or results of operation.

Environmental Concerns

In the normal course of operations, the City is engaged in many activities (i.e. utility service, refuse disposal, and gasoline storage) that are potentially hazardous to the environment. As of December 31, 2016 the City has not disclosed any significant environmental problems in the financial statements.

In 1997, leachate from a closed municipal landfill was discovered and found to contain hazardous substances. The City has acted on a request from the DEC to determine the nature of the substances and the measures necessary to resolve the problem.

The enforcement proceeding has been settled by a consent order. The City has agreed to re-close the landfill at an estimated cost of \$4,691,000. The City has been awarded a grant to pay approximately 50% of the cost, or \$2,336,492. The cost to the City is \$2,369,771 and has been paid with proceeds from a loan from the Environmental Facilities Corporation. On November 1st, 2016, the City became eligible to make a grant application to the NYS DEC under the Landfill Closure State Assistance Program for the potential cost recovery of \$1,292,366, representing one-half of the unfunded landfill project cost qualified under the grant program. The application and documentation process is in progress at year end.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

On May 1, 2003, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation notified the City that it was issuing a modified State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit that contained a number of permit changes including, but not limited to, increased limitations on the discharge of four pollutants. The City is currently taking an administrative action to challenge the modified SPDES permit. The outcome of the administrative action is indeterminable at present.

City Court Lease

On July 1, 2003 the City entered into a 99 year lease agreement with Oval Development, LLC to lease the City Court at 22 US Oval. The lease expires July 1, 2102. All rent was paid in advance upon signing of lease.

Dock Street Landing Property Lease

On December 2, 2010, the City entered into a 10 year lease agreement with the Lake City Local Development Corporation (LDC) to provide the LDC with a source of funds to continue its community development activities through sub-leasing of the Dock Street Landing Property for use as a restaurant, a retail outlet or a recreation center. The lease was surrendered to the City for cancellation on June 23, 2011, along with the transfer of the value of the leasehold improvements made to the restaurant building by the LDC subsequent to the building becoming unusable after suffering extensive damage during the flooding of Lake Champlain in April and May of 2011. The City restored the flood damaged building to a usable status for an approximate cost of \$320,000 as part of the 2015 capital expenditure plan in conjunction with the development of a City Marina for an additional cost of \$554,000 intended as the beginning of a significant development project for the City's waterfront.

Contract Negotiations

The City's contact with Local 788 and New York Council 66 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, expired on June 30th, 2015, and has gone through negotiations in an attempt to reach an agreement. No agreement was reached for the period July 1st, 2015, through December 31st, 2015, resulting in no pay increase in 2015 for that period. Negotiations resumed for the period beginning July 1st, 2015, and the contract was settled May 18th, 2016, providing for pay increases of 2% per year for two years and 1.5% for the last year and remains in effect until June 30, 2018.

The City's contract with Local 2421 of The International Association of Firefighters expired on December 31st, 2007, and has gone through impasse and reached interest arbitration of the mediation process to establish an agreement. The interest arbitrator issued a report in October of 2012 detailing the wage and benefit changes being ordered for the affected employee group as follows: effective January 1st, 2008, a 2.9% pay increase with a \$150.00 addition to the employee uniform allowance and effective January 1st, 2009, a 3% pay increase with another \$150.00 addition to the employee uniform allowance.

The financial effect of these changes from the retroactive payroll accumulations allowed under NYS Labor Law from payments made in 2012 is \$735,427.

The interest arbitrator issued a second report in August of 2013 in response to a union grievance detailing the wage and benefit changes being ordered for the affected employee group as follows: the \$150.00 increase in the uniform allowance for 2008 will be added retroactively to Schedule A wages, effective January 1st, 2008, whereupon such wages will be increased by 2.9% per the interest award; and the \$150.00 increase in the uniform allowance for 2009 will be added retroactively to Schedule A wages, effective January 1st, 2008, whereupon such wages will be increased by 2.9% per the interest award; and the \$150.00 increase in the uniform allowance for 2009 will be added retroactively to Schedule A wages, effective January 1st, 2009, whereupon such wages will be increased by 3%, per the interest award.

The financial effect of these changes from the retroactive payroll accumulations allowed under NYS Labor Law from payments made in 2013 is \$65,980.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Following another period of contract negotiations during 2013 and 2014, which went through impasse and reached interest arbitration of the mediation process in 2014, the interest arbitrator issued a report on June 2, 2014, detailing the wage and benefit changes being ordered for the affected employee group as follows: effective January 1st, 2010, a 2% pay increase and effective January 1st, 2011, a 2% pay increase. The financial effect of these changes from the retroactive payroll accumulations allowed under NYS Labor Law from payments made in 2014 is \$539,547. The financial outcome for the negotiations that have continued for periods forward from January 1st, 2012, cannot be determined at this time.

The City's contract with Local 812 of the Plattsburgh Police Officers Union and New York Council 82 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, expired on December 31st, 2016. Negotiations are scheduled to commence in 2017 and the financial outcome for those negotiations cannot be determined at this time.

The City's contact with Local 1249 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, expired on June 30th, 2012, and during 2013 went through impasse and entered the fact-finding stage of mediation in an attempt to reach an agreement, which was settled on September 3rd, 2014, for the period July1st, 2012, through June 30th, 2017. The agreement provides for pay increases of 0% for July 1st, 2012, 1.5% for July 1st, 2013, 1.5% for July 1st, 2014, 1.5% for July 1st, 2015 and 1.5% for July 1st, 2016. The financial effect of these changes from the retroactive payroll accumulations allowed under NYS Labor Law from payments made in 2014 is \$60,285.

The City's contract with Local 788 and New York Council 66 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO for the Plattsburgh Public Library, expired on June 30th, 2015, and has gone through negotiations in an attempt to reach an agreement. No agreement was reached for the period July 1st, 2015, through December 31st, 2015, resulting in no pay increase in 2015 for that period. Negotiations resumed for the period beginning July 1st, 2015, and the contract was settled May 24th, 2016 providing for pay increases of 3% for the first year of the contract and 2% per year for the last three years of the contract, which remains in effect until June 30, 2019.

NOTE 17. RELATED PARTY

The Plattsburgh Housing Authority (the "Authority") was created in 1951 by the New York State Legislature. Even though five out of seven members of the board are appointed by the Mayor, the City is not financially accountable for the Authority and, therefore, does not meet the requirements of GASB 61 for discrete component unit presentation.

NOTE 18. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The City has tax abatement agreements with the following entities as of December 31, 2016:

PILOT Entity	Authority	Dated	Governing Law	Basis	Abatement	Amount Received
Saranac Power Partners	Clinton County & Town of Plattsburgh		GML Article 18-a Chapter 1030 1969	PILOT Mortgage	\$ 352,4	58 \$93,333
Plattsburgh Housing Authority	State of New York Amended	4/17/1951 3/4/2010	Consolidated Laws Chapter 44-A	Income PILOT	279,2	08 81,104
Beekman Towers	Beekman Towers Partnership LLP	3/30/1972	Article 4 Section 93 of the Private Housing Finance Law	Income PILOT	49,3	75 55,275
Plattsburgh Municipal Lighting	NYSPSC	?	Order 06-E-1496	Valuation PILOT plus service payment for street lighting	401,2	85 641,062
				2016 Total	\$ 1,082,3	26 \$ 870,774

The City received payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$229,712.

Other Supplemental Information

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended December 31, 2016

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	20	016	2015	2014	4 2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0)311625%	0.0309069	%							
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5	5,001,661	\$ 1,044,11	0							
City's covered- employee payroll	\$9	9,639,080	\$ 8,818,73	6							
Citys proportionate share of the net per liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	sion	51.89%	11.84	%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta the total pension liability	age of	90.70%	97.95	%							

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended December 31, 2016

		NYSERS Per Last 10 Fisca								
_	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	1,208,988	\$1,381,855	1,608,062	1,509,264	1,367,269	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contribution		\$1,381,855	1,608,062	1,509,264	1,367,269	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City's covered-employee payroll	9,639,080	\$8,818,736								
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.5%	15.7%								

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended December 31, 2016

NYSPFRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1981158%	0.1815705%								
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,865,786	\$ 499,790								
City's covered- employee payroll	\$ 5,760,314	\$ 6,607,279								
Citys proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	101.83%	7.56%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.20%	99.03%								

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended December 31, 2016

NYSPFRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,387,189	\$ 1,624,997	1,430,757	1,697,869	1,455,711	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	, \$1,387,189	\$ 1,624,997	1,430,757	1,697,869	1,455,711	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$5,760,314	\$ 6,607,279								
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	24.1%	24.6%								

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN Year Ended December 31, 2016

Actua Valua Dat	tion	Ì	Actuarial /alue of Assets	f Liability		Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll	UALL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31	/2016	\$	-	\$	134,792,413	\$ 134,792,413	0%	g	12,133,207	1110.94%	
12/31	/2015	\$	-	\$	83,724,993	\$, ,	0%		, ,	593.68%	
12/31/	/2014	\$	-	\$	79,909,382	\$ 79,909,382	0%	\$	13,692,003	583.62%	
12/31/	/2013	\$	-	\$	79,176,105	\$ 79,176,105	0%	\$	13,821,357	572.85%	
12/31/	/2012	\$	-	\$	75,697,431	\$ 75,697,431	0%	\$	14,024,783	539.74%	
12/31/	/2011	\$	-	\$	95,154,104	\$ 95,154,104	0%	\$	13,984,552	680.42%	
12/31/	/2010	\$	-	\$	102,948,784	\$ 102,948,784	0%	\$	13,446,685	765.61%	
12/31/	/2009	\$	-	\$	91,417,377	\$ 91,417,377	0%	\$	12,929,505	707.04%	
12/31	/2008	\$	-	\$	91,512,247	\$ 91,512,247	0%	\$	12,939,761	707.22%	

Compliance Section

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and Common Council City of Plattsburgh, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Plattsburgh, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Plattsburgh's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Plattsburgh, New York's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Plattsburgh, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Plattsburgh, New York's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Plattsburgh, New York's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses we consider to be significant deficiencies, item 16-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Plattsburgh, New York's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government *Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

City of Plattsburgh's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Plattsburgh's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government *Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 15, 2017

CITY OF PLATTSBURGH SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended December 31, 2016

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15-1 Budget Adjustments and Amendments

Condition: Within the General Fund, appropriation expense exceeds budgeted amounts on two line items. Within the Special Revenue Fund, appropriation expense exceeds budgeted amounts on two line items.

Effect: Expenditures exceeded amounts budgeted.

Cause: Budget Status Reports were monitored; however final budget adjustments or amendments were not made as part of the closing process before year-end 2016.

Criteria: Budget modifications must be authorized by City Council resolution, and the resolution must stipulate both the appropriation accounts to be increased and financing sources to support the modification. Budget adjustments must have Council approval.

Recommendation: We recommend the City Council continue to monitor the Budget Status Reports for all funds and approve all budget adjustments and/or amendments throughout the year, and the City Chamberlain perform a closing budget entry before year-end.

Corrective Action: The Council of the City of Plattsburgh will continue to monitor and approve all budget adjustments and or amendments throughout the year and the City Chamberlain will resume the practice of compiling closing budget adjustments/transfers as has been the practice in past years, however, he will complete that budget process prior to the actual year-end date..